

NOMURA REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL FUND 17th Analyst Meeting Presentation Material 2015.Jul.15

NOMURA REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL FUND, INC.

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NOMURA REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL FUND

July 15, 2015

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Digest of the 17th Fiscal Period



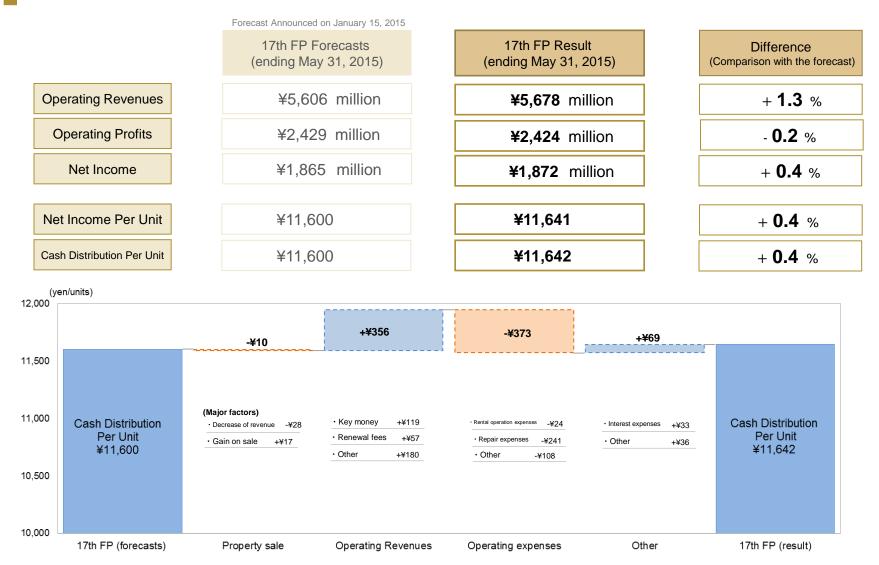


Comparison of Various Indices with the 16th Fiscal Period

	16 th FP End (as of November 30, 2014)	17 th FP End (as of May 31, 2015)		equisition: 3
Number of Properties	150	148		Sale: 5 properties
Acquisition Price Total	¥159,310 million	¥163,792 million	+ ¥4,482 millon	
Leasable Units	9,054 units	9,063 units	+ 9 units	
Average Building Age	10.8 years	11.1 years	+ 0.3 years	
NOI Yield	5.2%	5.1%	- 0.1%	
Average Occupancy Rate	96.0%	96.8%	+ 0.8%	
Asset Total	¥164,852 million	¥169,316 million	+ ¥4,464 million	
Interest-bearing Debts	¥86,820 million	¥91,130 million	+ ¥4,310 million	
LTV	52.7%	53.8%	+ 1.1%	
Average Interest Rate	1.18%	1.11%	- 0.07%	
Average Remaining Duration of Interest-bearing Debt	3.10 years	3.14 years	+ 0.04 years	



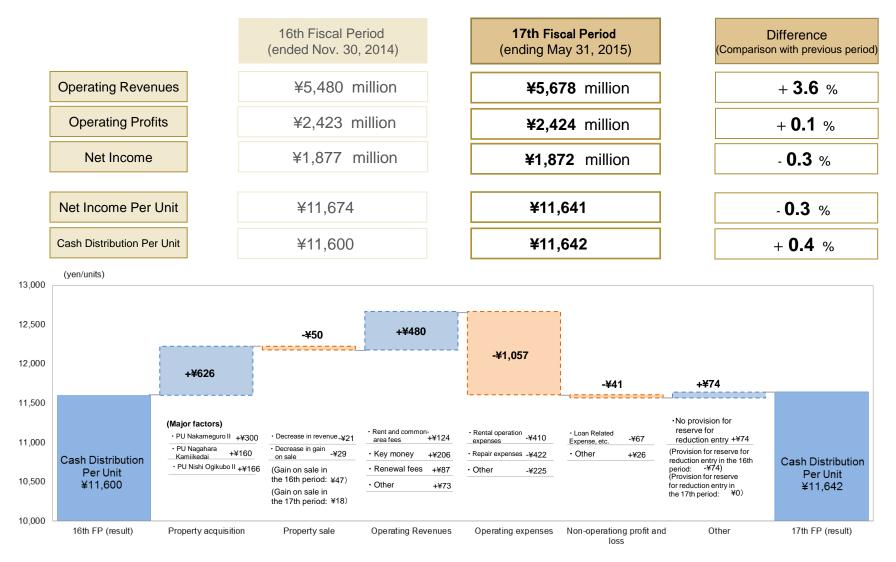
Difference with Previous Forecast



3



Difference with the 16th Fiscal Period



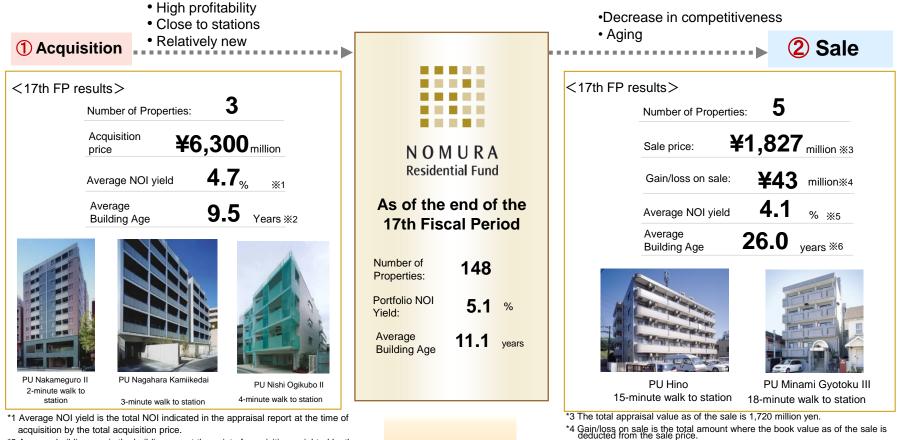
※ PU stands for PRIME URBAN

Overview of the 17th Fiscal Period



Promotion of Replacement Strategy

Acquired 3 properties situated within 5-minute walking distance from nearest stations in the popular Jonan/Josai area
 Sold 5 properties with an average building age of 26.0 years



*2 Average building age is the building age at the point of acquisition weighted by the acquisition price.

- *5 Average NOI yield is the total NOI (annualized) in the period of the sale divided by the total acquisition price.
 *6 Average huilding age is the huilding age at the date of sale weighted by the
- *6 Average building age is the building age at the date of sale weighted by the acquisition price.

Improvement of the portfolio's quality

Management Results

Jun

2013

Jul

Aug

Sep

Nov

Jan

2014

Feb

Mar

Apr

May

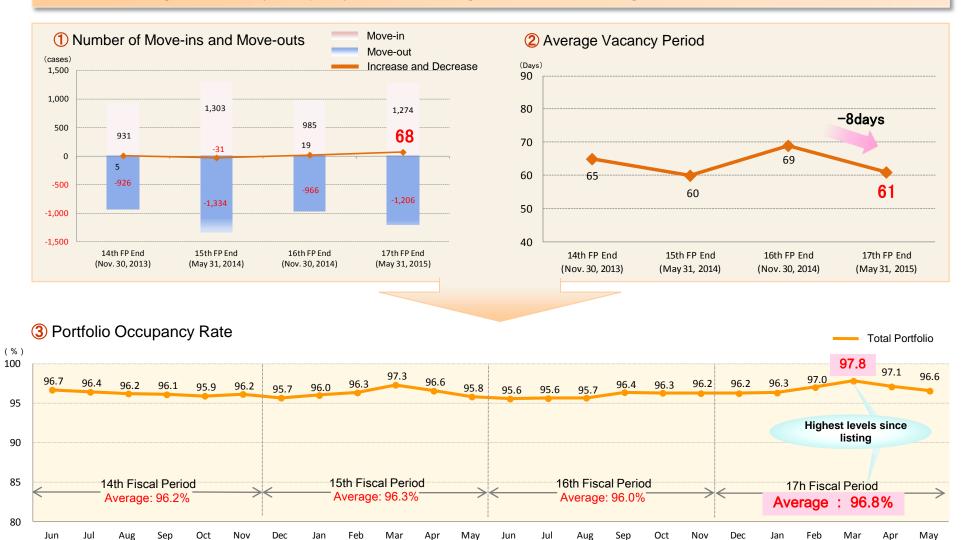
Jun

Jul

Aug

Sep

- 1 Move-ins exceeded move-outs by 68 units
- 2 The average vacancy period was 61 days, 8 days less than the previous period \rightarrow Increase of operating days of replaced units
- **3** Both the average and monthly occupancy rate recorded highest levels since listing



Dec

Jan

2015

Feb

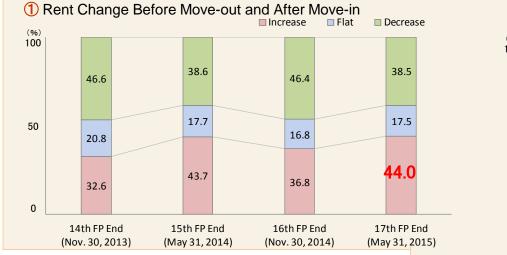
Mar

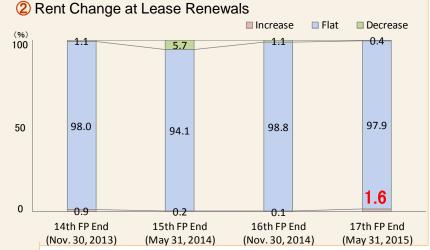
Apr

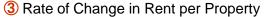
May

Nov

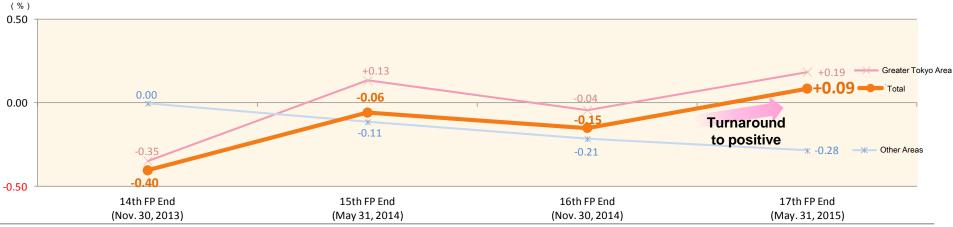
- (1) The ratio of rent increase for tenant replacements was 44.0%, the highest since the 5th Fiscal Period (ended May 31, 2009)
- **2** The rate of increase for contract renewals rose to 1.6%
- 3 The rate of change of the period-end rent unit for the entire portfolio made a turnaround to positive with an increase of 0.09% from the previous period







Changes in Rent

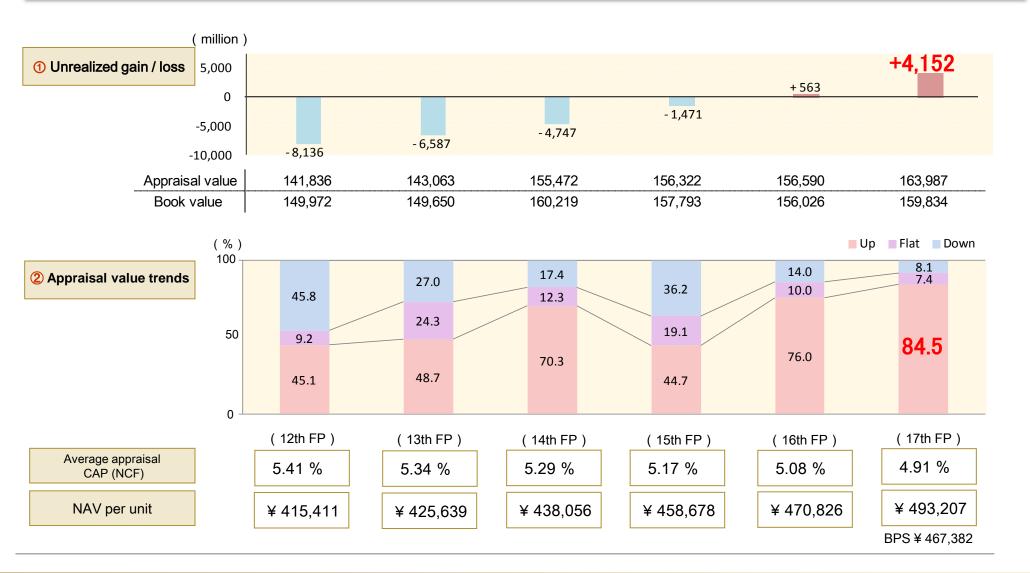


× The rate of change of rent per property based on properties owned as of the end of the previous fiscal period is indicated.

Appraisal Value Status at End of the 17th Fiscal Period

1 Unrealized gain grew to 4,152 million yen with the increase of the appraisal value in the 17th Fiscal Period

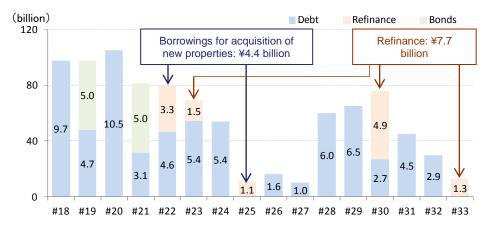
2 The number of properties for which the appraisal value increased grew due to the decrease of cap rates and the improvement of cash flow



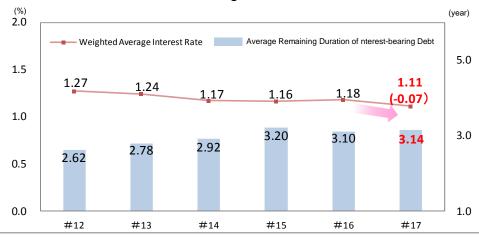
The repayment dates of interest-bearing debts were diversified with an upper limit of about 10 billion yen for each fiscal period
 The weighted average interest rate decreased 0.07% from the previous fiscal period, and the average remaining duration was maintained at over 3 years

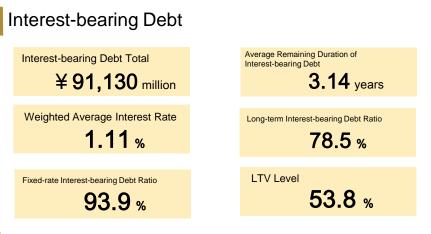
1 Maturity Diversification

Financial Status



Weighted Average Interest Rate and Average Remaining Duration of Interest-bearing Debt





Credit Rating

Agency	Rating		Outlook
JCR	Long-term Senior Debt Ratins	AA	* 4
S&P	Long−term Corporate Credit : A Ratins	А	Stable * 5
9&F	Short-term Corporate Credit : Ratins	A-1	

*1 Interest-bearing debts include investment corporation bonds.

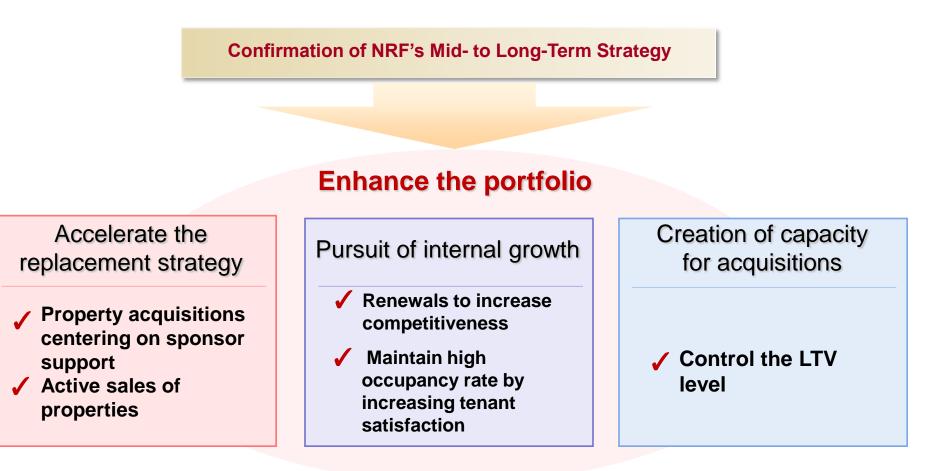
*2 The long-term ratio, when including long-term loans due within a year, is 100.0%.

*3 Fixed-rate interest bearing debts include borrowings with variable interest rates whose interest rates were fixed through interest rate swap agreements.

*4 Designation to credit monitor (direction: negative) was announced in a press release dated May 27, 2015.

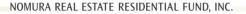
*5 Credit rating with continued "stable" outlook was announced in a press released dated May 27, 2015.

Confirmation of NRF's Mid- to Long-Term Strategy



Aim to improve the portfolio with a 5-year target





The Significance of the Merger

- 1 Pursue sustainable growth by transforming from "Specialized type REIT" into "Diversified type REIT"
- **2** Strengthen stability and enhance growth strategy through benefit of a large scale REIT
- **3** Accelerate mutual growth with Nomura Real Estate Group by establishing "Leasing Business Value Chain"

Overview of the Fund Pre- and Post-Merger

	NRF (as of May 31, 2015)		New REIT	Effects
Investment target	Residences		Diversified type which does not limit its sectors	 Increase of investment opportunities through the expansion of sectors targeted for investment This, in turn, enables sustained and stable growth
Number of properties	148		257	Promotion of the following strategies will become possible with the asset size growing by about five times, increasing risk tolerance • Large-scale replacement strategy
Asset total	¥169,316 million		¥924,504 million	Large-scale repeatement strategy Large-scale renewal of owned properties Acquisition of large properties developed by the sponsor
LTV	53.8%		42.7%	Further increase of financial stability
Number of investment units	1 unit		4.45 units	Fractional investment units will be settled with cash
Cash distributions	11,642 yen/unit		12,059 yen/unit	Increase of cash distributions
	L	1		*1 Estimated figures following the merger are indicated. Assets scheduled for acquisition in October 2015 and March 2016 are

Estimated figures following the merger are indicated. Assets scheduled for acquisition in October 2015 and March 2016 are not included.

- *2 The figure includes the ¥80,116 million of goodwill (expected). Please see page 19 for more information on goodwill.
- *3 The figure is the ¥2,710 of forecast cash distribution of the new REIT for its 2nd Fiscal Period multiplied by the merger ratio (4.45).

Realization of the foundation for targeting

further stability and growth

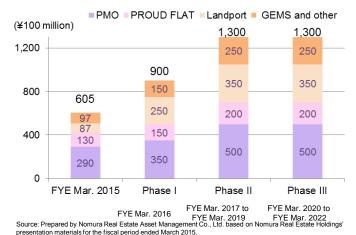
Growth through Collaboration with Nomura Real Estate Development

- Realize sustainable external growth through the full cooperation of the sponsor
- Aim to be the no. 1 REIT in Japan not only in asset size but also portfolio quality and all other aspects





Balance of Assets of Nomura Real Estate Development's Profitable Real Estate







Details of Financial Results for the 17th Fiscal Period



Acquisition-related

-	Answer
How is the current rental housing transaction market?	The transaction market continues to be overheated. The search for yields is trending downwards along with the overheated market, and prime properties are being transacted with yields even lower than the period prior to the global financial crisis.
What are the prospects for the rental housing transaction market going forward?	The supply of new properties are decreasing with the surge of land costs and construction costs. On the other hand, since the demand for rental housing is expected to continue strong, the market is thought to continue to be overheated as it is now.
What will be your acquisition policy going forward?	Though competition for acquisitions is severe, we plan to carefully select properties, primarily prime properties that are open for negotiations at arm's length and limited transactions, using our network of prior sellers and brokers while centering on cases that utilize the sponsor pipeline.

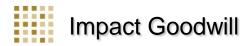
	Answer
What are the prospects for the occupancy rate going forward?	With the impact of late marriages and the declining birth rate in addition to the continued flow of populations into the Tokyo area as well as core regional cities, the demand from rental housing for singles and small families continues to be stable. On the other hand, rental housing construction starts for rental housing units are at a lower level than the peak in 2006, and the supply/demand for rental housing continues to be tight. As such, we believe that the occupancy rate will continue to be stable at a high level.
What are the prospects for rents going forward?	As the supply/demand of rental housing is tight, the upward trends of rents is gaining momentum, particularly in the Tokyo area. Given this impact, the rent unit price in the 17th Fiscal Period made a turnaround to positive period-on-period growth of 0.09%. The degree of increase going forward is believed to depend on corporate performance and the changes that will appear in wages.
How is the situation of acquiring key money?	The situation of acquiring key money is improving since the bottom in the 8th Fiscal Period (June 1, 2010 to November 30, 2010). The amount of key money acquired in the 17th Fiscal Period was higher in comparison with the budget and the same period last year.



Merger-related

	Answer
What is the future schedule?	The schedule is as follows: May 27, 2015: Conclusion of merger agreement and determination of the merger ratio June 12, 2015: Record date for general meetings of unitholders of NMF and NRF (April 30 for NOF) July 30, 2015: General meetings of unitholders of NMF and NOF July 31, 2015: General meeting of unitholders of NRF September 28, 2015: Date of delisting of NRF, NMF and NOF October 1, 2015: Date of incorporation of the new REIT October 2, 2015: Date of listing of the new REIT Mid November, 2015: Final announcement of financial results of NRF Mid to late December, 2015: Payments of cash distributions on merger February 29, 2016: End of 1st fiscal period of the new REIT
What are fractional investment units?	The fractions of investment units are investment units of a fraction of one unit that will be generated as a result of the allotment of the investment units of the new REIT. For example those who own 5 NRF investment units will be allotted 22.25 investment units of the new REIT (4.45 × 5), and the 0.25 units which below one unit will be the fractional investment units. Pursuant to legal provisions, fractions of one investment unit generated by all unitholders will be added up, the number of investment units equivalent to the total will be sold on the market and the amount obtained will be issued to unitholders with fractions of investment units according to their fractions. For those who own investment units of multiple investment funds, the fractional investment units may not be tallied as fractional investment units will be calculated for eat investment fund.
What are the distributions in excess of net income of the new REIT?	Distribution in excess of net income is the issuance of the amount in excess of the investment corporation's net income during the period under review to unitholders as cash distributions. The difference is that, while in other REITs the distribution in excess of net income is based on "depreciation and amortization," the new REIT's distribution in excess of net income for the 2nd fiscal period onwards will be based on amortization costs, etc. of "goodwill".

* Please see page 19 for more information on goodwill.



[Goodwill]

Goodwill \Rightarrow To be recorded since the merger consideration for the acquired companies (NOF and NRF)^{Note 1} exceeds the net asset value of NOF and NRF. ^{Note 2}

Due to the Merger, the goodwill is estimated to be JPY 80billion. (As of May 26, 2015)

Note 1: Merger consideration means an amount derived by multiplying the investment unit price per unit of the New Investment Corporation with the number of allocated units.

Note 2: The assets and liabilities of NOF and NRF will be succeeded at the market value, in accordance with the "Accounting Standards for Business Combination".

[Accounting method of the goodwill]

Goodwill is recorded as an intangible asset on the balance sheet.

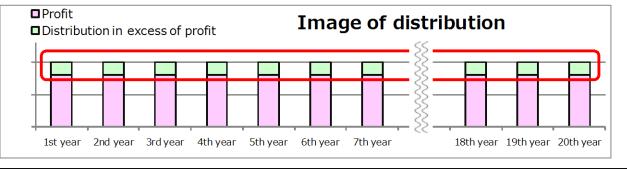
* Amortized using straight-line method over 20 years on a regular basis on the accounting.

Amortization cost of goodwill is recorded as operating expenses on the income statement.

[Effects of the goodwill]

[P/L (in the example of the second period)]	
Operating income	29billion JPY
Operating expenses	▲18billion JPY
(Goodwill amortization included)	(▲2billion JPY)
Operating profit	10billion JPY
Net income	8billion JPY
Distribution in excess of profit	2billion JPY
Distribution	10billion JPY

Goodwill amortization is accounted as an expense, but no cash-out is accompanied.



By distributing excess of income that corresponds to amortization of goodwill, the level of dividends for unitholders is not affected by goodwill.

Fair value of the acquired companies		
Accepted asset Liabilities assumed		
(Market value)	(Market value)	
	Merger	
goodwill	consideration	



		16th Fiscal Period	17th Fiscal Period	Differen	ce from
		From Jun. 1, 2014	From Dec. 1, 2014	Previous	s Period
		To Nov. 30, 2014	To May. 31, 2015	(17th FP ·	- 16th FP)
		Amount (¥000)	Amount (¥000)	Difference (¥000)	Difference (%)
Operating Revenue		5,480,818	5,678,204	197,385	3.6
Real Estate Rental Business Revenues	*1	5,427,985	5,659,317	231,331	22.7
Rental Business Revenues		5,068,066	5,229,052	160,985	3.2
Other Rental Business Revenues		359,918	430,265	70,346	19.5
Parking Lot Revenue		124,611	129,563	4,951	4.0
Incidental Revenue	*2	160,332	215,395	55,062	34.3
Other Real Estate Rental Revenue:	*3	74,974	85,306	10,332	13.8
Real Estate Disposition Revenue		52,833	18,886	-33,946	-64.3
Operating Expense		3,057,633	3,253,483	195,849	6.4
Real Estate Rental Business Expenses	*1	2,353,783	2,543,528	189,745	8.1
Repair Expenses	*4	257,382	328,354	70,971	27.6
Tax and Public Dues	*5	292,327	291,945	-382	-0.1
Depreciation and Amortization		1,052,023	1,071,654	19,631	1.9
Other Rental Business Expenses		752,049	851,574	99,524	13.2
Asset Management Fees		397,390	397,803	412	0.1
Other Operating Expenses	*6	261,177	296,154	34,977	13.4
Operating Profits		2,423,184	2,424,721	1,536	0.1
Non-Operating Revenues		4,603	6,180	1,576	34.3
Non-Operating Expenses		549,671	557,877	8,206	1.5
Interest Expenses		458,480	456,899	-1,581	-0.3
Investment Corporation Bond Interest		55,928	56,189	260	0.5
Other Non-Operating Expenses	*7	35,261	44,788	9,527	27.0
Ordinary Income		1,878,116	1,873,023	-5,093	-0.3
Net Income Before Tax		1,878,116	1,873,023	-5,093	-0.3
Corporate Income Tax, etc.		890	1,014	124	14.0
Net Income		1,877,226	1,872,008	-5,217	-0.3
Retained Earnings Brought Forward		98	45	-53	-54.2
Retained Earnings at Fiscal Period End		1,877,325	1,872,053	-5,271	-0.3
Total Cash Distribution		1,865,280	1,872,033	6,753	0.4
(Note) The amount of total cash distributions in th	- 40			,	••••

(Note) The amount of total cash distributions in the 16th Fiscal Period is the amount where the provision of reserve for reduction entry (¥12 million) is deducted from unappropriated retained earnings.

1. Real Estate Rental Business Reven : ¥3,115,788 thousand								
1. Real Estate Rental Business Rev	en:	\$ 3,115,788	Inousand					
(from previous F	FP :	¥41,586	thousand)					
2. Incidental Revenues								
Key Money	:	¥91,176	thousand					
Renewal Fee	:	¥108,125	thousand					
3. Other Real Estate Rental Revenu	les							
Revenue from reversal of provisi	ion for loss on disaster.							
cellphone antennae, vending ma								
4. Renovation Expenses								
Repair Expenses	:	¥328,354	thousand					
Capital Expenditure	:	¥76,255	thousand					
Total	:	¥404,609	thousand					
5. Tax and Public Dues (153 prope	erties at FP End)							
Subject Property	:	150	properties					
Excluded Property	:	3	properties					
Total	:	153	properties					
6. Other Operating Expenses								
6. Other Operating Expenses Duty Entrustment Fee	:	¥38,394	thousand					
	:	/	thousand thousand					
Duty Entrustment Fee	:	/						

Balance Sheet

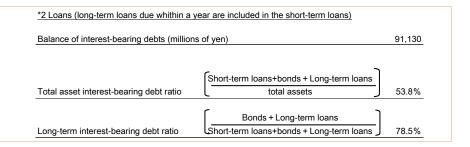
Assets

			16th Fiscal P as of Nov. 30,		17th Fiscal P as of May. 31,	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
			(¥000)	(%)	(¥000)	(%)
Cur	rrent Assets		8,773,642	5.3	9,447,514	5.6
	Cash and (Cash Equivalents	8,186,505	5.0	8,915,409	5.3
	Cash and (Cash Equivalent in Trust	491,522	0.3	377,193	0.2
	Other Curr	ent Assets	95,613	0.1	154,911	0.1
Fix	ed Assets		156,052,970	94.7	159,850,449	94.4
	Tangible Fi	xed Assets *1	156,029,544	94.6	159,834,379	94.4
	Real	Estate	134,483,407	81.6	145,474,237	85.9
		Building	60,552,944	36.7	62,820,675	37.
		Land	73,930,463	44.8	82,653,562	48.
	Real	Estate in Trust	21,543,092	13.1	14,360,142	8.4
		Building in Trust	6,991,812	4.2	5,005,543	2.9
		Land in Trust	14,551,280	8.8	9,354,599	5.
		Construction in Progress	3,045	0.0	-	0.0
	Intangible I	Fixed Assets	1,016	0.0	495	0.0
	Othe	er Intangible Fixed Assets	1,016	0.0	495	0.0
	Investment	and Other Assets	22,408	0.0	15,574	0.0
	Sec	urity Deposits	10,879	0.0	10,756	0.0
	Long	-term Repaid Expenses	11,529	0.0	4,818	0.0
Def	ferred Asset	S	25,432	0.0	18,161	0.0
	Investment	Corporation Bond Issuing Expenses	25,432	0.0	18,161	0.0
		Total Assets	164,852,044	100.0	169,316,126	100.

*1 Tangible Fixed Asset			(unit : million of yen)				
		Accumulated Depreciation	(Depreciation for current FP)	Book value at FP end			
Real Estate, etc.	173,042	13,207	(1,072)	159,834			
Building	74,581	11,760	(981)	62,821			
Land	82,653	-	-	82,654			
Building in Trust	6,452	1,447	(90)	5,006			
Land in Trust	9,354	-	-	9,355			
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-			

Liabilities and Net Assets

		16th Fiscal F as of Nov. 30		17th Fiscal Period as of May. 31, 2015	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
		(¥000)	(%)	(¥000)	(%)
Current Liabilities		19,023,467	11.5	21,140,030	12.5
Trade Accounts Payable		267,593	0.2	357,631	0.2
Current portion of investment corporation bonds	*2	-	-	5,000,000	3.0
Long-term Loan Due Within One Year	*2	17,580,000	10.7	14,580,000	8.6
Other Accounts Payable		341,726	0.2	310,505	0.2
Taxes Payable		9,712	0.0	16,349	0.0
Accrued Expenses		115,149	0.1	108,988	0.1
Rent Received in Advance		702,508	0.4	754,692	0.4
Deposits Payable		6,777	0.0	11,862	0.0
Fixed Liabilities		70,680,198	42.9	73,020,987	43.1
Investment Corporation Bonds	*2	10,000,000	6.1	5,000,000	3.0
Long-term Loans	*2	59,240,000	35.9	66,550,000	39.3
Security Deposits		1,231,288	0.7	1,329,163	0.8
Security Deposits in Trust		208,909	0.1	141,824	0.1
Total Liabilities		89,703,665	54.4	94,161,018	55.6
Unitholders Equity		75,148,378	45.6	75,155,107	44.4
Unitholders Capital		73,231,053	44.4	73,231,053	43.3
Retained Earnings		1,917,325	1.2	1,924,053	1.1
Total Net Assets		75,148,378	45.6	75,155,107	44.4
Total Liabilities and Net Assets		164,852,044	100.0	169,316,126	100.0



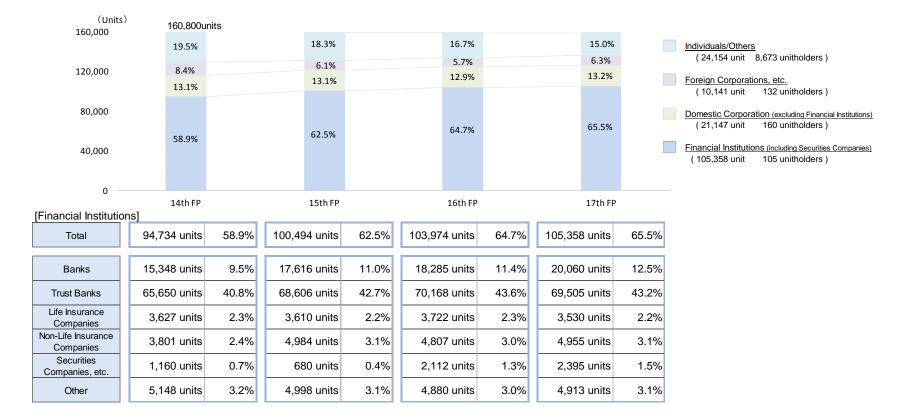
		17th FP Forecast From Dec. 1, 2014 To May 31, 2015	18th FP Forecast From Jun. 1, 2015 To Nov. 30, 2015	Difference
		Amount (millions of yen)	Amount (millions of yen)	Amount (millions of yen)
Opera	ating Revenue	5,678	5,482	-196
	Real Estate Rental Business Revenues	5,659	5,436	-223
	Real Estate Disposition Revenue	18	45	27
Opera	ating Expense	3,253	3,062	-191
	Real Estate Rental Business Expenses	2,543	2,349	-194
	Repair Expenses	328	258	-70
	Tax and Public Dues	291	311	20
	Depreciation and Amortization	1,071	1,054	-17
	Asset Management Fees	397	394	-3
	Other Operating Expenses	296	318	22
	Operating Profits	2,424	2,420	-4
Non-C	Operating Expenses	557	554	-3
	Interest Expenses	513	510	-3
	Ordinary Income	1,873	1,866	-7
	Net Income	1,872	1,865	-7
Numb	er of Investment Units Issued (units)	160,800	160,800	0
Cash	Distribution Per Unit (yen)	11,642	11,600	-42
Numb	er of Properties (properties)	148	146	-2
Leasa	ble Floor Area (sqm)	272,627.52	279,528.92	6,901
Avera	ge Occupancy Rate (%)	96.0	96.2	0.2

18th FP Forecast (announced July. 2015)Assumptions						
【Properties】 Number of Properties Total Amount of Acquisition Price	:	146 properties ¥162,237 million				
[Repair Expenses] ¥393 million for 16th Fiscal Period (¥136 million of which is capital expenditure)						
Example) PU Musashi Koganei (Entrance renewal) PU Shinjuku Ochiai (large-scale renovation)	:	¥19 million ¥56 million				
<u>¥374 million for 16th Fiscal Period</u> (¥117 million of which is capital expenditure)						
Example) PU Tsutsumidori Amamiya (large-scale renovatio	:	¥18 million				
PU Azabu Juban (large-scale renovation)	:	¥14 million				
【Lorns】 Total Interest-bearing Debt (as of Jan. 19, 2015)	:	¥87,830 million				
Interest-Bearing Debt Repayment Due During 17th Repayment through loans (Feb. 2015) Agreed Repayment(Feb. 2015)	ו F : :	P(after Jan. 19, 2015) ¥9,700 million ¥90 million				

%1 Cash distribution per unit for the 18th fiscal period (ending November 2015) shown in the chart is the forecast as of July 15, 2015. Actual figures may change due to the acquisition or sales of properties, changes in real estate markets, and other conditions surrounding NRF. NRF does not guarantee the cash distribution per unit predicted in this forecast. %2 PU stands for PRIME URBAN.



Changes in Ratio of Units Held by Unitholders



Top 10 Unitholders

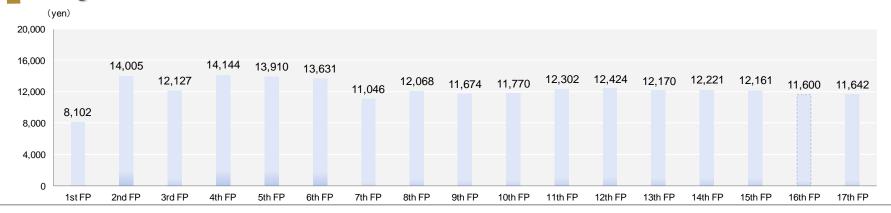
#	Unitholders	Units	Ratio (%)	#	Unitholders	Units	Ratio (%)
1	Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd.	46,306	28.80	6	The Fuji Fire and Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.	3,212	2.00
2	Nomura Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	15,240	9.48	7	Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd.	3,010	1.87
3	The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.	7,308	4.54	8	The Joyo Bank, Ltd.	2,502	1.56
4	Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd.	5,792	3.60	9	The Ashikaga Bank, Ltd.	1,984	1.23
5	The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd.	4,952	3.08	10) The Fukui Bank,Ltd.	1,908	1.19
					-		

(Note) The Ratio is calculated as the percentage of Total Number of Owned Investment Units divided by Total Number of Issued Investment Units.

Changes in Investment Unit Price



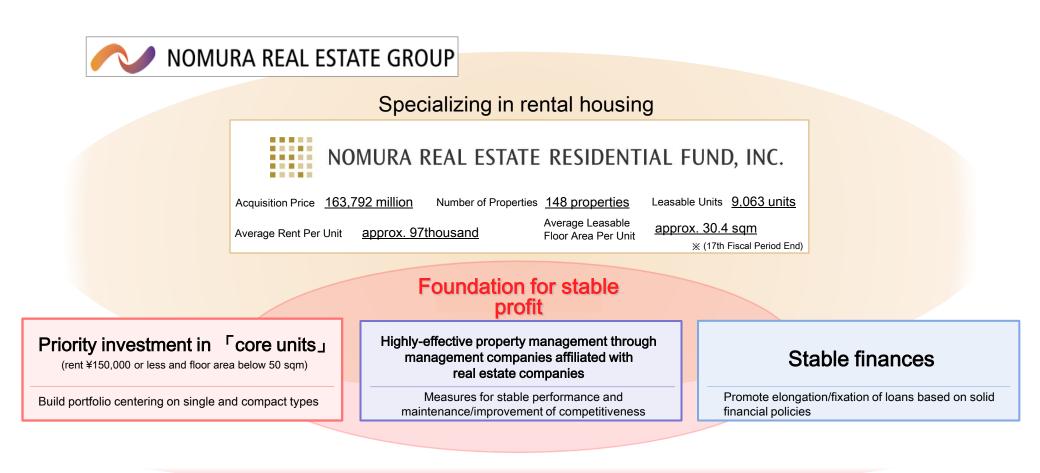
Changes in Cash Distribution



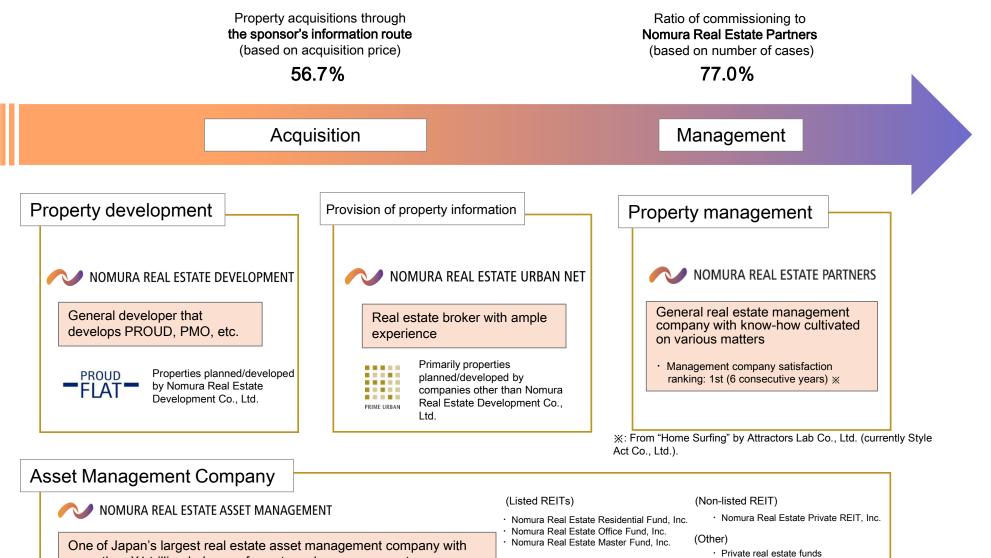
Characteristics of NRF







Paying out stable cash distributions

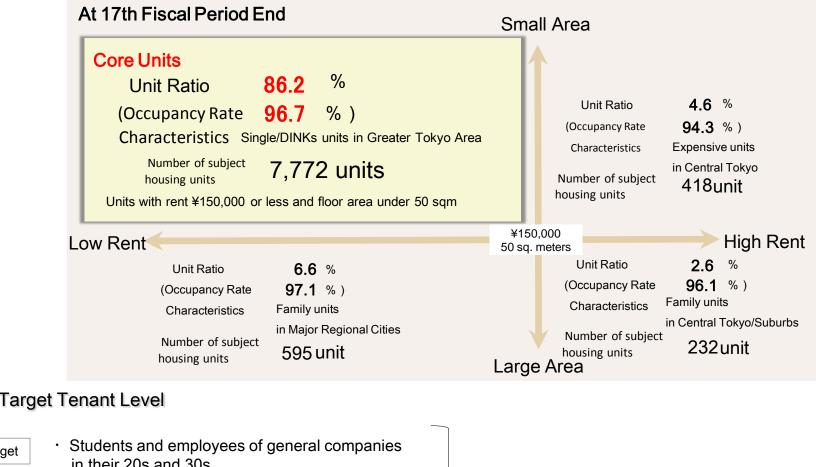


more than ¥1 trillion balance of assets under management

- · Private securities funds, etc.

Priority Investment in Key Segments

Core Units (rent ¥150,000 or less, floor area under 50 sqm)



Features

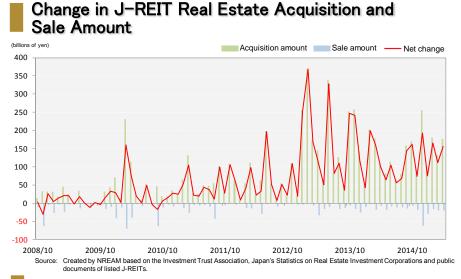
Target

- in their 20s and 30s Emphasizes convenience of commuting and rent
- Impact of economy on annual income (disposable earnings) is low

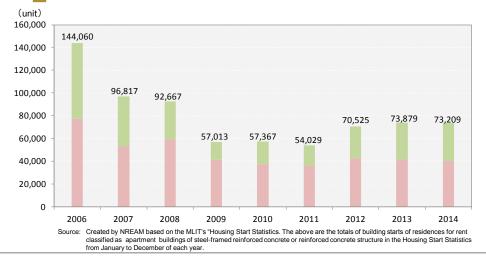
Rent ¥150,000 or less and floor area below 50 sqm Stable demand is expected to continue going forward

Rental Housing Investment Characteristics

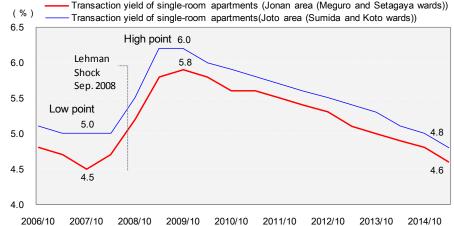
- Real estate acquisition and sale amounts increased in 2013 and expected yields have decreased
- The supply of new properties continues to be at a low level and demand from single and DINKs households is expected to be stable



Supply of New Properties (Number of Building Starts)

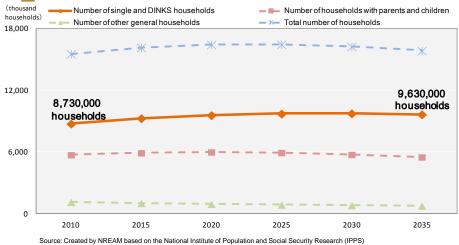


Change in Expected Yield



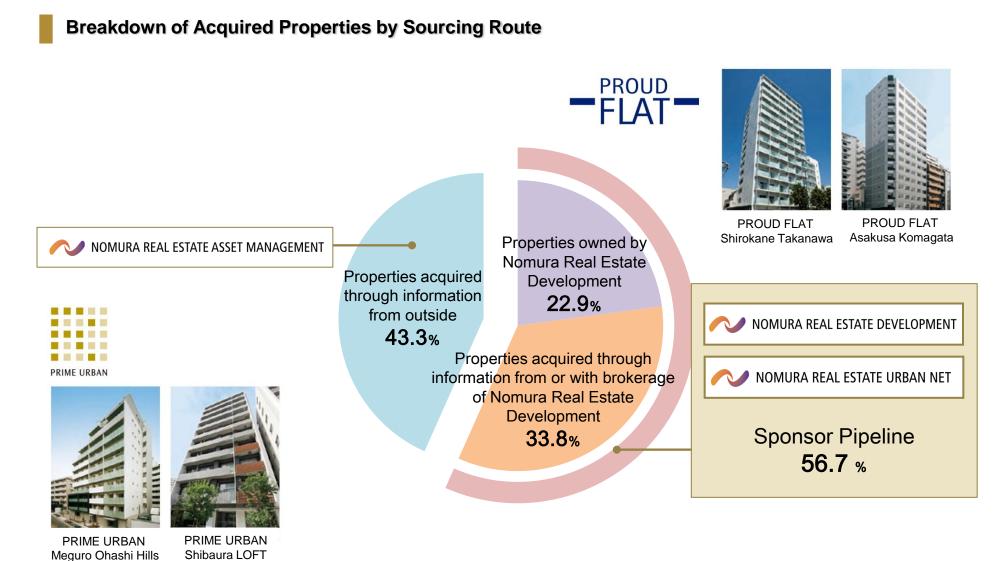
Source: Japan Real Estate Institute's Real Estate Investor's Survey

Projections on Number of Households

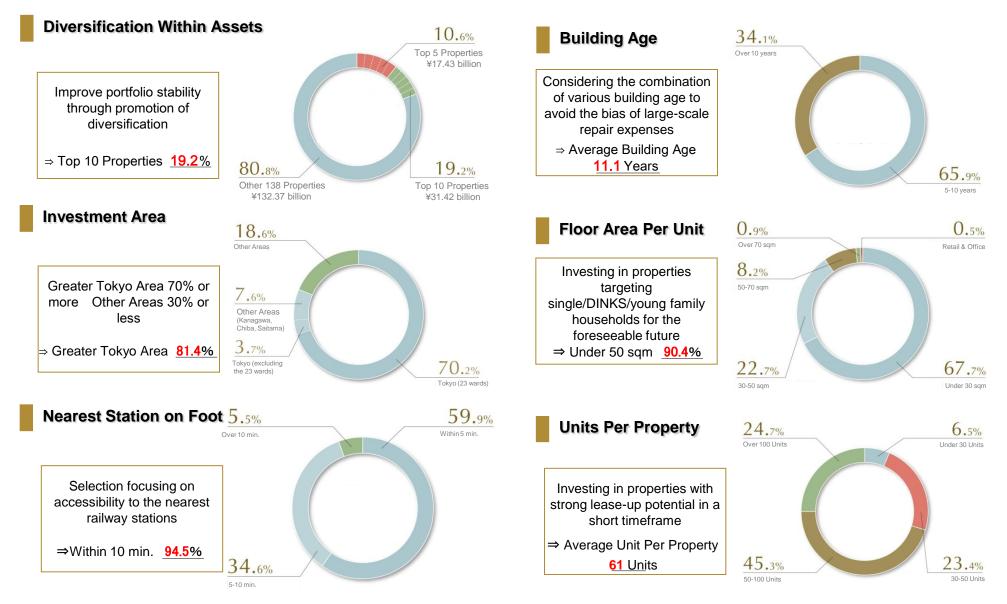


"Household Projections for Japan (by Prefecture)" (projections as of April 2014).

Utilization of Diverse Sourcing Routes



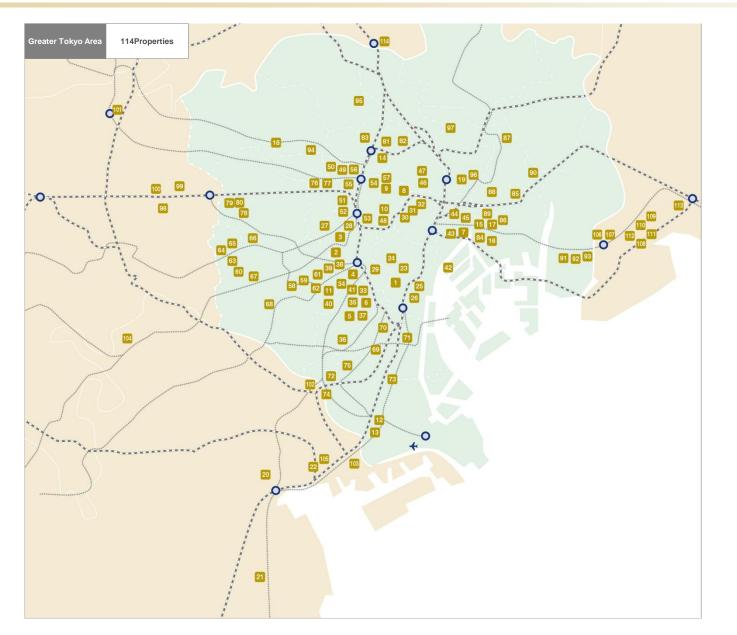
30



Portfolio Status

*. In the above graphs, "floor area per unit" as of the end of May 2015 is based on the number units while other figures are based on acquisition price.

Portfolio Map (Greater Tokyo Area)



NOMURA REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL FUND, INC.

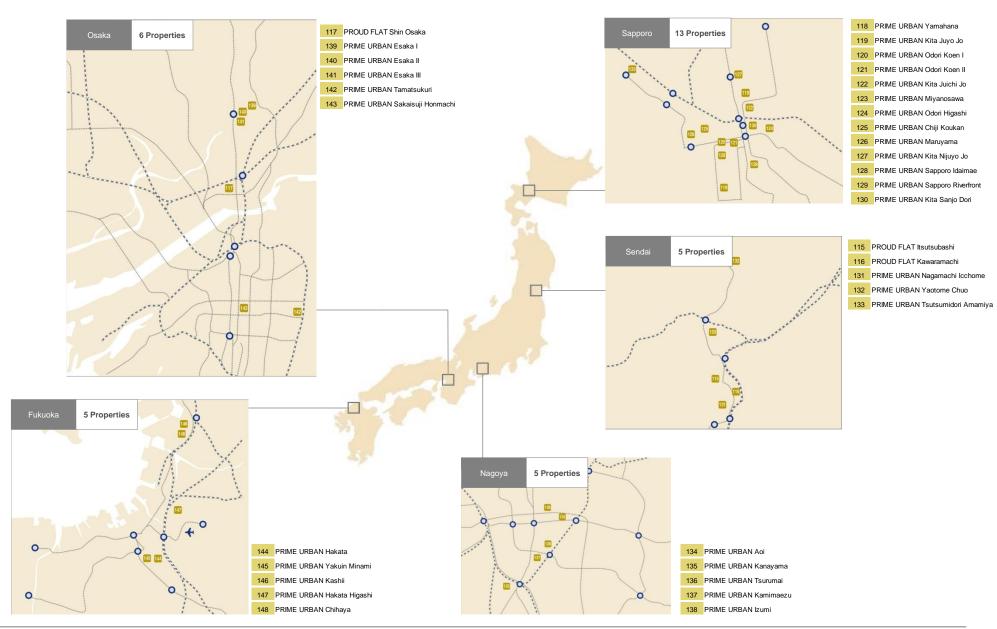
58 PRIME URBAN Kamiuma

1 PROUD FLAT Shirokane Takanawa 2 PROUD FLAT Yoyogi Uehara 3 PROUD FLAT Hatsudai 4 PROUD FLAT Shibuya Sakuragaoka 5 PROUD FLAT Gakugei Daigaku 6 PROUD FLAT Meguro Gyoninzaka 7 PROUD FLAT Sumida Riverside 8 PROUD FLAT Kagurazaka 9 PROUD FLAT Waseda 10 PROUD FLAT Shinjuku Kawadacho 11 PROUD FLAT Sangen Jaya 12 PROUD FLAT Kamata 13 PROUD FLAT Kamata II 14 PROUD FLAT Shinotsuka 15 PROUD FLAT Kiyosumi Shirakawa 16 PROUD FLAT Monzen Nakacho II 17 PROUD FLAT Monzen Nakacho I 18 PROUD FLAT Fujimidai 19 PROUD FLAT Asakusa Komagata 20 PROUD FLAT Yokohama 21 PROUD FLAT Kamioooka 22 PROUD FLAT Tsurumi II 23 PRIME URBAN Azabu Juban 24 PRIME URBAN Akasaka 25 PRIME URBAN Tamachi 26 PRIME URBAN Shibaura LOFT 27 PRIME URBAN Hatagaya 28 PRIME URBAN Yoyogi 29 PRIME URBAN Ebisu II 30 PRIME URBAN Bancho 31 PRIME URBAN Chiyoda Fujimi 32 PRIME URBAN lidabashi 33 PRIME URBAN Ebisu 34 PRIME URBAN Naka Meguro 35 PRIME URBAN Gakugei Daigaku 36 PRIME URBAN Senzoku 37 PRIME URBAN Meguro Riverside 38 PRIME URBAN Meguro Ohashi Hills 39 PRIME URBAN Meguro Aobadai 40 PRIME URBAN Gakugei Daigaku II 41 PRIME URBAN Naka Meguro II 42 PRIME URBAN Kachidoki 43 PRIME URBAN Shinkawa 44 PRIME URBAN Nihonbashi Yokoyamach 45 PRIME URBAN Nihonbashi Hamacho 46 PRIME URBAN Hongo Ikizaka 47 PRIME URBAN Hakusan 48 PRIME URBAN Yotsuya Gaien Higashi 49 PRIME URBAN Naka Ochiai 50 PRIME URBAN Ochiai 51 PRIME URBAN Nishi Shinjuku I 52 PRIME URBAN Nishi Shinjuku II 53 PRIME URBAN Shinjuku Naitomachi 54 PRIME URBAN Nishi Waseda 55 PRIME URBAN Shinjuku Ochiai 56 PRIME URBAN Mejiro 57 PRIME URBAN Kagurazaka

59 PRIME URBAN Sangen Jaya III 60 PRIME URBAN Chitose Karasuyama 61 PRIME URBAN Sangen Jaya II 62 PRIME URBAN Sangen Jaya 63 PRIME URBAN Minami Karasuyama 64 PRIME URBAN Karasuyama Galleria 65 PRIME URBAN Karasuyama Court 66 PRIME URBAN Kamikitazawa 67 PRIME URBAN Chitose Funabashi 68 PRIME URBAN Yoga 69 PRIME URBAN Shinagawa Nishi 70 PRIME URBAN Osaki 71 PRIME URBAN Oimachi II 72 PRIME URBAN Yukigaya 73 PRIME URBAN Omori 74 PRIME URBAN Denenchofu Minami 75 PRIME URBAN Nagahara Kamiikedai 76 PRIME URBAN Nakano 77 PRIME URBAN Nakano Kamitakada 78 PRIME URBAN Takaido 79 PRIME URBAN Nishi Ogikubo 80 PRIME URBAN Nishi Ogikubo II 81 PRIME URBAN Otsuka 82 PRIME URBAN Komagome 83 PRIME URBAN Ikebukuro 84 PRIME URBAN Monzen Nakacho 85 PRIME URBAN Kameido 86 PRIME URBAN Sumiyoshi 87 PRIME URBAN Mukojima 88 PRIME URBAN Kinshi Koen 89 PRIME URBAN Kinshicho 90 PRIME URBAN Hirai 91 PRIME URBAN Kasai 92 PRIME URBAN Kasai II 93 PRIME URBAN Kasai East 94 PRIME URBAN Ekoda 95 PRIME URBAN Itabashi Kuyakushomae 96 PRIME URBAN Asakusa 97 PRIME URBAN Machiya South Court 98 PRIME URBAN Musashi Koganei 99 PRIME URBAN Musashino Hills 100 PRIME URBAN Koganei Honcho 101 PRIME URBAN Kumegawa 102 PRIME URBAN Musashi Kosugi comodo 103 PRIME URBAN Kawasaki 104 PRIME URBAN Shinyurigaoka 105 PRIME URBAN Tsurumi Teraya 106 PRIME URBAN Urayasu II 107 PRIME URBAN Urayasu 108 PRIME URBAN Gyotoku I 109 PRIME URBAN Gyotoku II 110 PRIME URBAN Gyotoku Ekimae 111 PRIME URBAN Gyotoku Ekimae II 112 PRIME URBAN GyotokuII 113 PRIME URBAN Nishi Funabashi 114 PRIME URBAN Kawaguchi

Portfolio Map (Other Areas)

NOMURA REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL FUND, INC.





#	Name of Property	Location	Acquisition Price	-	Leasable Floor Area		Occupancy Rate
			(thousands of yen)	Total (%)	(sqm)	(units)	(May 2015)(%)
1	PROUD FLAT Shirokane Takanawa	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,510,000	2.1	2,950.11	106	99.1
2	PROUD FLAT Yoyogi Uehara	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	1,100,000	0.7	1,151.34	44	97.8
3	PROUD FLAT Hatsudai	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	865,000	0.5	958.98	31	94.4
4	PROUD FLAT Shibuya Sakuragaoka	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	800,000	0.5	638.70	30	96.7
5	PROUD FLAT Gakugei Daigaku	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	812,000	0.5	934.39	41	100.0
6	PROUD FLAT Meguro Gyoninzaka	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	882,000	0.5	855.23	40	100.0
7	PROUD FLAT Sumida Riverside	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	2,260,000	1.4	3,055.21	110	93.7
8	PROUD FLAT Kagurazaka	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	1,540,000	0.9	1,793.43	70	97.5
9	PROUD FLAT Waseda	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	1,110,000	0.7	1,450.91	60	100.0
10	PROUD FLAT Shinjuku Kawadacho	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	1,010,000	0.6	1,102.20	41	96.3
11	PROUD FLAT Sangen Jaya	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	1,350,000	0.8	1,277.82	48	96.2
12	PROUD FLAT Kamata	Ota-ku, Tokyo	1,140,000	0.7	1,541.64	67	100.0
13	PROUD FLAT Kamata II	Ota-ku, Tokyo	2,980,000	1.8	4,051.72	169	97.4
14	PROUD FLAT Shinotsuka	Toshima-ku, Tokyo	695,000	0.4	752.09	35	86.0
15	PROUD FLAT Kiyosumi Shirakawa	Koto-ku, Tokyo	900,000	0.5	1,209.56	55	100.0
16	PROUD FLAT Monzen Nakacho II	Koto-ku, Tokyo	650,000	0.4	830.55	35	97.5
17	PROUD FLAT Monzen Nakacho I	Koto-ku, Tokyo	1,130,000	0.7	1,191.08	55	98.2
18	PROUD FLAT Fujimidai	Nerima-ku, Tokyo	1,370,000	0.8	2,222.05	94	100.0
19	PROUD FLAT Asakusa Komagata	Taito-ku, Tokyo	1,960,000	1.2	2,685.39	79	98.8
20	PROUD FLAT Yokohama	Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa	2,340,000	1.4	3,118.12	113	95.5
21	PROUD FLAT Kamioooka	Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa	2,770,000	1.7	4,872.17	200	100.0
22	PROUD FLAT Tsurumi II	Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa	1,430,000	0.9	2,219.74	81	98.0
23	PRIME URBAN Azabu Juban	Minato-ku, Tokyo	991,000	0.6	1,222.13	40	94.8
24	PRIME URBAN Akasaka	Minato-ku, Tokyo	956,000	0.6	1,062.05	25	100.0
25	PRIME URBAN Tamachi	Minato-ku, Tokyo	941,000	0.6	1,107.36	48	93.8
26	PRIME URBAN Shibaura LOFT	Minato-ku, Tokyo	1,510,000	0.9	1,905.39	68	94.6
27	PRIME URBAN Hatagaya	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	452,000	0.3	650.60	38	100.0
28	PRIME URBAN Yoyogi	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	408,000	0.2	439.56	19	96.0
29	PRIME URBAN EbisulI	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	1,030,000	0.6	1,184.81	35	100.0
30	PRIME URBAN Bancho	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	1,170,000	0.7	1,277.04	52	98.2
31	PRIME URBAN Chiyoda Fujimi	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	707,000	0.4	793.87	32	100.0
32	PRIME URBAN lidabashi	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	2,030,000	1.2	2,087.70	90	95.8
33	PRIME URBAN Ebisu	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	1,200,000	0.7	1,444.40	29	100.0
34	PRIME URBAN Naka Meguro	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	1,320,000	0.8	1,302.42	49	93.9
35	PRIME URBAN Gakugei Daigaku	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	886,000	0.5	1,008.39	32	100.0
36	PRIME URBAN Senzoku	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	536,000	0.3	655.27	22	92.5



#	Name of Property	Location	Acquisition Price	-	Leasable Floor Area		Occupancy Rate
07			(thousands of yen)	Total (%)	(sqm)	(units)	(May 2015)(%)
37	PRIME URBAN Meguro Riverside	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	464,000	0.3	453.77	24	100.0
38	PRIME URBAN Meguro Ohashi Hills	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	3,580,000	2.2	2,955.74	99	94.9
39	PRIME URBAN Meguro Aobadai	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	1,190,000	0.7	1,464.14	40	100.0
40	PRIME URBAN Gakugei Daigakull	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	916,000	0.6	1,109.87	41	100.0
41	PRIME URBAN Naka Meguro II	Meguro-ku, Tokyo	2,800,000	1.7	2,393.45	66	100.0
42	PRIME URBAN Kachidoki	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	2,290,000	1.4	4,524.00	145	95.1
43	PRIME URBAN Shinkawa	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	2,250,000	1.4	3,600.61	46	94.9
44	PRIME URBAN Nihonbashi Yokoyamacho	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	3,530,000	2.2	5,926.17	124	95.4
45	PRIME URBAN Nihonbashi Hamacho	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	1,470,000	0.9	2,026.44	52	94.3
46	PRIME URBAN Hongo Ikizaka	Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo	647,000	0.4	662.58	27	100.0
47	PRIME URBAN Hakusan	Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo	893,000	0.5	1,069.82	42	100.0
48	PRIME URBAN Yotsuya Gaien Higashi	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	1,700,000	1.0	1,759.11	51	89.8
49	PRIME URBAN Naka Ochiai	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	655,000	0.4	1,237.98	18	94.0
50	PRIME URBAN Ochiai	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	324,000	0.2	517.53	32	94.1
51	PRIME URBAN Nishi Shinjuku I	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	1,290,000	0.8	1,459.86	60	95.2
52	PRIME URBAN Nishi Shinjuku II	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	1,000,000	0.6	1,162.55	46	95.6
53	PRIME URBAN Shinjuku Naitomachi	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	512,000	0.3	578.18	14	100.0
54	PRIME URBAN Nishi Waseda	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	503,000	0.3	507.11	28	100.0
55	PRIME URBAN Shinjuku Ochiai	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	635,000	0.4	1,053.39	28	100.0
56	PRIME URBAN Mejiro	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	1,260,000	0.8	1,755.52	65	96.9
57	PRIME URBAN Kagurazaka	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	2,640,000	1.6	2,853.82	100	97.9
58	PRIME URBAN Kamiuma	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	900,000	0.5	1,739.86	37	96.9
59	PRIME URBAN Sangen Jayalli	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	755,000	0.5	1,018.72	47	93.0
60	PRIME URBAN Chitose Karasuyama	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	730,000	0.4	1,774.01	27	96.2
61	PRIME URBAN Sangen Jaya II	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	539,000	0.3	810.98	17	100.0
62	PRIME URBAN Sangen Jaya	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	835,000	0.5	874.15	33	94.2
63	PRIME URBAN Minami Karasuyama	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	840,000	0.5	1,049.73	41	100.0
64	PRIME URBAN Karasuyama Galleria	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	645,000	0.4	835.05	33	97.0
65	PRIME URBAN Karasuyama Court	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	413,000	0.3	576.20	23	100.0
66	PRIME URBAN Kamikitazawa	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	738,000	0.5	1,384.45	29	100.0
67	PRIME URBAN Chitose Funabashi	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	885,000	0.5	1,027.44	38	97.2
68	PRIME URBAN Yoga	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	1,150,000	0.7	1,773.05	54	100.0
69	PRIME URBAN Shinagawa Nishi	Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	624,000	0.4	961.25	46	95.9
70	PRIME URBAN Osaki	Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	1,700,000	1.0	2,106.16	99	96.9
71	PRIME URBAN Oimachi II	Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	1,100,000	0.7	1,794.85	93	97.7
72	PRIME URBAN Yukigaya	Ota-ku, Tokyo	970,000	0.6	1,536.59	94	95.8



#	Name of Property	Location	Acquisition Price	-	Leasable Floor Area	Leasable Units	Occupancy Rate
		Loodion	(thousands of yen)	Total (%)	(sqm)	(units)	(May 2015)(%)
73	PRIME URBAN Omori	Ota-ku, Tokyo	824,000	0.5	1,190.70	54	96.3
74	PRIME URBAN Denenchofu Minami	Ota-ku, Tokyo	900,000	0.5	1,100.17	44	95.9
75	PRIME URBAN Nagahara Kamiikedai	Ota-ku, Tokyo	1,720,000	1.1	2,282.62	61	84.3
76	PRIME URBAN Nakano	Nakano-ku, Tokyo	472,000	0.3	801.30	51	98.3
77	PRIME URBAN Nakano Kamitakada	Nakano-ku, Tokyo	640,000	0.4	818.75	33	95.0
78	PRIME URBAN Takaido	Suginami-ku, Tokyo	1,080,000	0.7	1,746.20	107	99.1
79	PRIME URBAN Nishi Ogikubo	Suginami-ku, Tokyo	435,000	0.3	543.09	24	95.9
80	PRIME URBAN Nishi Ogikubo II	Suginami-ku, Tokyo	1,780,000	1.1	2,225.33	76	90.0
81	PRIME URBAN Otsuka	Toshima-ku, Tokyo	794,000	0.5	944.99	46	97.9
82	PRIME URBAN Komagome	Toshima-ku, Tokyo	412,000	0.3	991.94	22	95.5
83	PRIME URBAN Ikebukuro	Toshima-ku, Tokyo	3,310,000	2.0	4,376.95	131	97.6
84	PRIME URBAN Monzen Nakacho	Koto-ku, Tokyo	2,200,000	1.3	3,207.92	118	99.2
85	PRIME URBAN Kameido	Koto-ku, Tokyo	705,000	0.4	1,117.34	52	98.1
86	PRIME URBAN Sumiyoshi	Koto-ku, Tokyo	552,000	0.3	813.52	40	100.0
87	PRIME URBAN Mukojima	Sumida-ku, Tokyo	487,000	0.3	1,108.91	55	100.0
88	PRIME URBAN Kinshi Koen	Sumida-ku, Tokyo	1,180,000	0.7	1,886.50	77	97.4
89	PRIME URBAN Kinshicho	Sumida-ku, Tokyo	668,000	0.4	991.62	49	100.0
90	PRIME URBAN Hirai	Edogawa-ku, Tokyo	700,000	0.4	1,095.91	53	98.1
91	PRIME URBAN Kasai	Edogawa-ku, Tokyo	637,000	0.4	905.81	45	97.8
92	PRIME URBAN Kasai II	Edogawa-ku, Tokyo	958,000	0.6	1,437.84	68	92.6
93	PRIME URBAN Kasai East	Edogawa-ku, Tokyo	940,000	0.6	1,884.62	78	100.0
94	PRIME URBAN Ekoda	Nerima-ku, Tokyo	385,000	0.2	872.49	35	94.3
95	PRIME URBAN Itabashi Kuyakushomae	Itabashi-ku, Tokyo	940,000	0.6	1,742.64	68	98.3
96	PRIME URBAN Asakusa	Taito-ku, Tokyo	350,000	0.2	876.70	22	95.4
97	PRIME URBAN Machiya South Court	Arakawa-ku, Tokyo	1,740,000	1.1	4,141.56	77	97.7
98	PRIME URBAN Musashi Koganei	Koganei-shi, Tokyo	2,390,000	1.5	5,999.80	98	95.9
99	PRIME URBAN Musashino Hills	Koganei-shi, Tokyo	1,590,000	1.0	2,961.06	80	100.0
100	PRIME URBAN Koganei Honcho	Koganei-shi, Tokyo	725,000	0.4	1,604.72	43	93.1
101	PRIME URBAN Kumegawa	Higashimurayama-shi, Tokyo	1,370,000	0.8	2,610.05	91	96.6
102	PRIME URBAN Musashi Kosugi comodo	Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa	2,150,000	1.3	3,692.44	56	96.8
103	PRIME URBAN Kawasaki	Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa	1,150,000	0.7	1,706.46	80	98.0
104	PRIME URBAN Shinyurigaoka	Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa	1,210,000	0.7	1,708.19	64	100.0
105	PRIME URBAN Tsurumi Teraya	Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa	457,000	0.3	952.06	50	98.3
106	PRIME URBAN Urayasu II	Urayasu-shi, Chiba	277,000	0.2	437.94	27	100.0
107	PRIME URBAN Urayasu	Urayasu-shi, Chiba	840,000	0.5	1,264.84	60	98.3
108	PRIME URBAN Gyotoku I	Ichikawa-shi, Chiba	635,000	0.4	1,151.36	52	100.0



#	Name of Property	Location	Acquisition Price	-	Leasable Floor Area	Leasable Units	Occupancy Rate
"	Name of Freperty	Location	(thousands of yen)	Total (%)	(sqm)	(units)	(May 2015)(%)
109	PRIME URBAN Gyotoku II	lchikawa-shi, Chiba	741,000	0.5	1,244.00	58	100.0
110	PRIME URBAN Gyotoku Ekimae	lchikawa-shi, Chiba	476,000	0.3	778.19	37	97.3
111	PRIME URBAN Gyotoku Ekimaell	Ichikawa-shi, Chiba	561,000	0.3	927.33	46	100.0
112	PRIME URBAN Gyotokulli	Ichikawa-shi, Chiba	948,000	0.6	1,766.47	77	98.7
113	PRIME URBAN Nishi Funabashi	Funabashi-shi, Chiba	772,000	0.5	1,237.80	60	98.3
114	PRIME URBAN Kawaguchi	Kawaguchi-shi, Saitama	2,170,000	1.3	2,477.11	98	98.4
	Greater Tokyo Area		133,385,000	82.1	186,962.79	6,605	97.0
115	PROUD FLAT Itsutsubashi	Sendai-shi, Miyagi	682,000	0.4	1,861.56	60	100.0
116	PROUD FLAT Kawaramachi	Sendai-shi, Miyagi	724,000	0.4	1,967.54	64	100.0
117	PROUD FLAT Shin Osaka	Osaka-shi, Osaka	1,430,000	0.9	2,990.68	112	93.9
118	PRIME URBAN Yamahana	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	377,000	0.2	1,518.58	33	97.5
119	PRIME URBAN Kita Juyo Jo	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	336,000	0.2	1,155.60	36	93.6
120	PRIME URBAN Odori Koen I	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	530,000	0.3	1,850.20	53	100.0
121	PRIME URBAN Odori Koen II	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	322,000	0.2	1,148.72	36	100.0
122	PRIME URBAN Kita Juichi Jo	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	600,000	0.4	1,851.39	60	95.0
123	PRIME URBAN Miyanosawa	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	576,200	0.4	2,114.53	54	98.4
124	PRIME URBAN Odori Higashi	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	424,000	0.3	1,494.36	36	89.7
125	PRIME URBAN Chiji Koukan	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	337,900	0.2	1,007.30	42	97.6
126	PRIME URBAN Maruyama	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	283,200	0.2	911.07	27	96.3
127	PRIME URBAN Kita Nijuyo Jo	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	503,700	0.3	1,773.90	36	91.6
128	PRIME URBAN Sapporo Idaimae	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	731,600	0.4	2,439.90	58	95.7
129	PRIME URBAN Sapporo Riverfront	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	3,500,000	2.1	15,552.59	311	97.6
130	PRIME URBAN Kita Sanjo Dori	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	1,450,000	0.9	5,094.29	114	97.0
131	PRIME URBAN Nagamachi Icchome	Sendai-shi, Miyagi	1,110,000	0.7	3,411.24	60	97.3
132	PRIME URBAN Yaotome Chuo	Sendai-shi, Miyagi	428,000	0.3	1,380.21	43	100.0
133	PRIME URBAN Tsutsumidori Amamiya	Sendai-shi, Miyagi	969,000	0.6	4,251.91	65	98.2
134	PRIME URBAN Aoi	Nagoya-shi, Aichi	724,000	0.4	1,571.04	46	96.2
135	PRIME URBAN Kanayama	Nagoya-shi, Aichi	632,000	0.4	1,391.02	58	100.0
136	PRIME URBAN Tsurumai	Nagoya-shi, Aichi	1,189,096	0.7	2,502.11	104	97.1
137	PRIME URBAN Kamimaezu	Nagoya-shi, Aichi	1,250,000	0.8	3,541.43	101	90.6
138	PRIME URBAN Izumi	Nagoya-shi, Aichi	2,800,000	1.7	7,543.10	250	96.7
139	PRIME URBAN Esaka I	Suita-shi, Osaka	672,000	0.4	1,189.12	48	89.5
140	PRIME URBAN Esaka II	Suita-shi, Osaka	790,000	0.5	1,392.00	57	93.1
141	PRIME URBAN Esaka III	Suita-shi, Osaka	1,535,000	0.9	2,151.67	79	85.9
142	PRIME URBAN Tamatsukuri	Osaka-shi, Osaka	906,000	0.6	2,373.10	80	94.7
143	PRIME URBAN Sakaisuji Honmachi	Osaka-shi, Osaka	1,780,000	1.1	3,909.90	82	84.7



NOMURA REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL FUND, INC.

#	Name of Property	Location	Acquisition Price	Percentage of	Leasable Floor Area	Leasable Units	Occupancy Rate
			(thousands of yen)	Total (%)	(sqm)	(units)	(May 2015)(%)
144	PRIME URBAN Hakata	Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka	830,000	0.5	2,176.23	67	97.3
145	PRIME URBAN Yakuin Minami	Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka	351,000	0.2	897.84	34	91.7
146	PRIME URBAN Kashii	Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka	396,000	0.2	1,222.34	39	91.7
147	PRIME URBAN Hakata Higashi	Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka	693,000	0.4	1,854.13	65	94.3
148	PRIME URBAN Chihaya	Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka	545,000	0.3	1,740.70	48	96.1
	Other Areas		29,001,696	17.9	85,402.20	2,334	95.6
	Total		162,386,696	100.0	272,364.99	8,939	96.6

Maturity Diversification

FP of Repayment	Amount of Repayment	Lender	Amount	Interest Rate	Date of Loan	Date of Repayment	Category
		5 Lenders	¥9,700 million	1.00900%	Feb. 27, 2012	Aug. 27, 2015	
18th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2015)	¥9,790 million	1 Lender	¥40 million	2.10000%	Aug. 27, 2009	(Note2)	
(onung 101:00, 2010)		1 Lender	¥50 million	2.03000%	Feb. 26, 2010	(Note3)	
		1 Lender	¥4,700 million	1.00000%	Dec. 26, 2011	Dec. 26, 2015	
19th Fiscal Period (ending May 31, 2016)	¥4,790 million	1 Lender	¥40 million	2.10000%	Aug. 27, 2009	(Note2)	
(chang way 51, 2010)		1 Lender	¥50 million	2.03000%	Feb. 26, 2010	(Note3)	
		2 Lenders	¥9,400 million	1.11700%	Dec. 26, 2011	Jun. 26, 2016	* * *
20th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2016)	¥10,530 million	1 Lender	¥1,080 million	2.10000%	Aug. 27, 2009	Aug. 27, 2016	
(ending 1404: 30, 2010)		1 Lender	¥50 million	2.03000%	Feb. 26, 2010	(Note3)	
21st Fiscal Period	140.480	3 Lender	¥1,800 million	0.69000%	Oct. 25, 2013	Feb. 26, 2017	
(ending May 31, 2017)	¥3,150 million	1 Lender	¥1,350 million	2.03000%	Feb. 26, 2010	Feb. 26, 2017	
	¥7,970 million	1 Lender	¥750 million	0.55091%	Aug. 27, 2014	Aug. 26, 2017	
22th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2017)		3 Lender	¥3,920 million	1.08500%	Aug. 27, 2012	Aug. 27, 2017	
(ending 1404: 30, 2017)		5 Lender	¥3,300 million	0.51000%	Dec. 18, 2014	Nov. 26, 2017	
23th Fiscal Period		6 Lender	¥5,420 million	1.12013%	Aug. 27, 2012	Feb. 27, 2018	
(ending May 31, 2018)	¥6,920 million	2 Lender	¥1,500 million	0.55091%	Feb. 27, 2015	Feb. 26, 2018	
24th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2018)	¥5,400 million	3 Lender	¥5,400 million	0.99000%	Sep. 30, 2013	Aug. 26, 2018	•
24th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2018)	¥1,100 million	1 Lender	¥1,100 million	0.69894%	Dec. 18, 2014	May. 26, 2019	Long-term Loan ¥ 81,130 million
26th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2019)	¥1,600 million	4 Lender	¥1,600 million	1.16500%	Dec. 03, 2012	Nov. 26, 2019	*
27th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 31, 2019)	¥1,000 million	1 Lender	¥1,000 million	1.48625%	May 23, 2013	May 27, 2020	•
		1 Lender	¥800 million	1.28277%	Sep. 30, 2013	Aug. 26, 2020	
28th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2020)	¥6,000 million	6 Lender	¥4,700 million	1.18000%	Oct. 25, 2013	Aug. 26, 2020	
(ending 1404: 30, 2020)		1 Lender	¥500 million	1.15566%	Oct. 25, 2013	Aug. 26, 2020	
		1 Lender	¥2,000 million	1.17750%	Feb. 27, 2014	Feb. 26, 2021	
29th Fiscal Period (ending May 31, 2021)		1 Lender	¥1,000 million	1.68200%	May 23, 2013	May 27, 2021	
(ending way 51, 2021)		1 Lender	¥3,500 million	1.62500%	May 23, 2013	May 27, 2021	
30th Fiscal Period	¥7,600 million	1 Lender	¥2,700 million	1.24100%	Feb 27, 2014	Aug. 26, 2021	
(ending Nov. 30, 2021)		4 Lender	¥4,900 million	0.97410%	Feb 27, 2015	Nov. 26, 2021	
31th Fiscal Period (ending May 31, 2022)	¥4,500 million	5 Lender	¥4,500 million	1.31850%	Feb. 27, 2014	Feb. 26, 2022	*
32th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2022)	¥2,980 million	4 Lender	¥2,980 million	1.19700%	Sep. 05, 2014	Aug. 26, 2022	
32th Fiscal Period (ending Nov. 30, 2022)	¥1,300 million	1 Lender	¥1,300 million	1.13250%	Feb. 27, 2015	Feb. 26, 2023	
	¥81,130 million	20 Lenders	-	-	-	-	
19th Fiscal Period (ending May 31, 2016)	¥5,000 million	Investment Corporation Bond	¥5,000 million	1.21000%	Feb. 25, 2011	Feb. 25, 2016	
21st Fiscal Period (ending May 31, 2017)	¥5,000 million	Investment Corporation Bond	¥5,000 million	1.03000%	Feb. 24, 2012	Feb. 24, 2017	
	¥91,130 million		_	_	_		

Lender Diversification (20 Lenders)

	Lender	Amount (millions of yen)
	The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ	12,850
Major	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	12,850
Banks (4)	Mizuho Corporate Bank	7,450
	Resona Bank	2,400
	Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking	12,850
Trust Banks	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank	5,700
(4)	The Nomura Trust and Banking	3,700
	Mizuho Trust & Banking	1,500
	The Iyo Bank	1,000
Regional Banks	The Bank of Fukuoka	1,000
(4)	The Chiba Bank	750
	The Tokyo Tomin Bank	500
	Taiyo Life Insurance	3,000
Insurance	Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance	2,200
Companies	Daido Life Insurance	1,100
(5)	Dai−ichi Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	800
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	500
	Development Bank of Japan	7,460
Others (3)	Shinkin Central Bank	2,520
	Aozora Bank	1,000
Total (20)		81,130
	First Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bonds	5,000
Bond	Second Series Unsecured Investment Corporation Bonds	5,000
	Total	10,000

(Note 1) The interest rate stated regarding this loan takes into consideration the Interest Rate Swap transaction.

(Note 2) The amount of ¥40 million to be repayed on February 27, 2010, the first repayment date, and every August 27 and February 27 thereafter, until the last repayment of ¥1,080 million on August 27, 2016. (Note 3) The amount of ¥50 million to be repayed on August 26, 2010, the first repayment date, and every February 26 and August 26 thereafter, until the last repayment of ¥1,080 million on February 26, 2017. (Note 4) Regarding the Floating Rate, the interest rate as of the end of the 16th Fiscal Period is stated.

NOMURA REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL FUND, INC.

		11th FP	12th FP	13th FP	14th FP	15th FP	16th FP	17th FP
Operating Revenues	million yen	5,250	5,174	5,257	5,406	5,594	5,480	5,678
Operating Profits	million yen	2,507	2,452	2,433	2,558	2,513	2,423	2,424
Net Income	million yen	1,856	1,875	1,876	1,965	1,955	1,877	1,872
Asset Total	million yen	156,780	156,703	156,576	168,019	167,940	164,852	169,316
Interest-bearing Debt Total	million yen	83,182	83,092	83,002	89,840	89,750	86,820	91,130
Net Asset	million yen	70,818	70,836	70,838	75,236	75,226	75,148	75,155
Return on Assets (ROA)	%	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2
Return on Equity (ROE)	%	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.0
FP End Capital Adequacy Ratio	%	45.2	45.2	45.2	44.8	44.8	45.6	44.4
LTV	%	53.1	53.0	53.0	53.5	53.4	52.7	53.8
Interest Coverage Ratio	times	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.6
Weighted Average Interest Rate	%	1.28	1.27	1.24	1.17	1.16	1.18	1.11
Long-term Debt Average Remaining Duration	years	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.8
Rent NOI	million yen	4,016	4,010	3,953	4,118	4,156	4,126	4,187
NOI Yield (acquisition price base)	%	5.34	5.31	5.25	5.03	5.20	5.17	5.13
FFO	million yen	2,817	2,850	2,833	2,934	2,979	2,929	2,948
Portfolio	properties	152	153	152	155	153	150	148
Acquisition Price Total	million yen	149,862	150,587	150,966	161,917	160,247	159,310	163,792
Book Value Total	million yen	150,099	149,972	149,650	160,219	157,793	156,026	159,834
Appraisal Value Total	million yen	141,011	141,836	143,063	155,472	156,322	156,590	163,987
NAV per Unit	thousand yen	408	415	425	438	458	470	493

ROA=Current Profits/[(Total Asset Value at Start of FP+Total Asset Value at FP End)÷2]x100 *annual basis

ROE=Net Income/[(Net Asset at FP Start+Net Asset at FP End)-2]x100 *annual basis

Capital Adequacy Ratio at FP End=Net Asset at FP End/Total Asset at FP End x 100

LTV=Total Interest-bearing Debt at FP End/Total Asset at FP End x 100

Interest Coverage Ratio=Net Income Before Interest Depreciation/(Interest Expenses+Investment Coroporation Bond Interest)

Rent NOI=Real Estate Rental Business Revenues-Real Estate Rental Business Income+Current FP Depreciation and Amortization NOI Yield (Acquisition Price Base)=Rent NOI/Total Acquisition Price x 100 *annual basis

FFO-Net Income+Current FP Depreciation and Amortization-Investment Corporation Bond Issuance Ammortization-Real Estate Disposition Profit & Loss NAV per Unit=[Net Asset Total-(Income Statement Total-Appraisal Value Total)]/Total Number of Investment Units Issued

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