Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc.

The Report on Financial Results and Operational Status

for the six-month period ended August 31, 2025



Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc.

The Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc. (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at August 31, 2025, and the statements of income and retained earnings, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at August 31, 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, including those applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in disclosure documents that contain audited financial statements, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

We have concluded that other information does not exist. Accordingly, we have not performed any work related to other information.

Responsibilities of Management and the Supervisory Director for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosing, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, matters related to going concern.

The Supervisory Director is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Consider internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances for our risk assessments, while the purpose of the audit of
 the financial statements is not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's
 internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation in accordance with accounting principles
 generally accepted in Japan.

We communicate with the Executive Director regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide the Executive Director with a statement that we have complied with the ethical requirements regarding independence that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied to reduce threats to an acceptable level.

Fee-related Information

The fees for the audits of the financial statements of the Company and other services provided by us and other EY member firms for the six-month period ended August 31, 2025 are 26 million yen and 8 million yen, respectively.

Interest Required to Be Disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

Our firm and its designated engagement partners do not have any interest in the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC Tokyo, Japan

November 28, 2025

Kenji Sato

Designated Engagement Partner
Certified Public Accountant

Hiroki Tanaka

Designated Engagement Partner
Certified Public Accountant

Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc.

20th Fiscal Period Report on Financial Results and Operational Status

BALANCE SHEET

Thousands of Yen

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and bank deposits	51,835,083	51,194,010
Rental receivables	897,293	1,226,808
Income taxes receivable	3,188	7,249
Other current assets	1,677,814	1,622,824
Total current assets	54,413,379	54,050,892
Property and Equipment:		
Land	749,833,798	751,692,151
Buildings and structures	391,713,168	391,215,259
Machinery and equipment	2,760,673	2,939,988
Tools, furniture and fixtures	3,101,563	3,387,114
Leased assets	10,869	12,417
Construction in progress	1,215,147	280,236
Subtotal	1,148,635,220	1,149,527,167
Less accumulated depreciation	(97,399,435)	(100,801,256)
Net property and equipment	1,051,235,784	1,048,725,911
Investments and Other Assets:		
Goodwill	56,742,309	54,120,066
Leasehold rights	21,001,972	20,914,396
Intangible assets	21,270	21,367
Long-term prepaid expenses	1,860,109	1,788,831
Long-term deposits	312,829	319,680
Security deposits	1,172,144	1,172,074
Deferred investment corporation bond issuance costs	181,174	167,017
Total investments and other assets	81,291,809	78,503,434
Total Assets	1,186,940,974	1,181,280,238

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Trade accounts payable	2,427,239	2,952,205
Short-term debt	6,500,000	-
Current portion of long-term debt	65,994,200	65,600,000
Lease obligations in trust	1,809	1,372
Other accounts payable	3,694,157	3,078,713
Accrued expenses	338,378	369,388
Accrued income taxes	605	605
Accrued consumption taxes	396,527	1,204,936
Rent received in advance	5,693,606	5,711,106
Other current liabilities	18,328	76,852
Total current liabilities	85,064,853	78,995,180
Town Association 1997		
Long-term Liabilities:	25,000,000	25,000,000
Investment corporation bonds	35,900,000	35,900,000
Long-term debt	420,340,000	420,720,000
Lease obligations in trust	41.701.150	5,582
Security deposits from tenants	41,781,158	41,737,524
Asset retirement obligations	769,113	776,080
Total long-term liabilities	498,790,271	499,139,187
Total Liabilities	583,855,124	578,134,367
NET ASSETS		
Unitholders' Equity:		
Unitholders' capital	245,148,642	245,172,235
Surplus		
Capital surplus	394,012,959	394,012,959
Allowance for temporary difference adjustment	(26,000,261)	(25,976,669)
Other deductions from capital surplus	(27,628,753)	(27,652,345)
Total deductions from capital surplus	(53,629,015)	(53,629,015)
Net capital surplus	340,383,943	340,383,943
Retained earnings	17,553,263	17,589,691
Total surplus	357,937,207	357,973,635

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
Total unitholders' equity	603,085,849	603,145,870
Total Net Assets	603,085,849	603,145,870
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	1,186,940,974	1,181,280,238

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025	For the period from	
September 1, 2024		
-	March 1, 2025	
to Penriiary 28 2025		
to 1 cb1 dai y 20, 2023	to August 31, 2025	
39,842,558	40,386,398	
3,274,704	3,324,150	
43,117,263	43,710,549	
17,781,259	18,107,204	
3,625,890	3,635,859	
57,384	57,668	
158,078	163,031	
2,622,242	2,622,242	
535,461	562,744	
24,780,317	25,148,751	
18,336,945	18,561,798	
20,911	47,508	
3,493	3,096	
655	1,159	
25,060	51,764	
1,742,511	1,867,554	
179,359	208,460	
11,601	14,157	
432,999	421,518	
8,823	2,345	
2,375,295	2,514,036	
15,986,710	16,099,526	
	3,274,704 43,117,263 17,781,259 3,625,890 57,384 158,078 2,622,242 535,461 24,780,317 18,336,945 20,911 3,493 655 25,060 1,742,511 179,359 11,601 432,999 8,823	

	For the period	For the period		
	from	from		
	September 1, 2024	March 1, 2025		
	to February 28, 2025	to August 31, 2025		
Extraordinary Gain				
Gain on donation of non-current assets	-	4,994		
		4,994		
Income before Income Taxes	15,986,710	16,104,520		
Income Taxes:				
Current	605	605		
	605	605		
Net Income	15,986,105	16,103,915		
Retained earnings brought forward	1,567,157	1,485,776		
Retained Earnings at End of Period	17,553,263	17,589,691		

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025

						The	ousands of Yen
			Ţ	Jnitholders' Equity	y		
					Surplus		
		_			Capital surplus		
	** *	Unitholders'		Deducti	ions from capital	surplus	
	Units	capital	Capital surplus	Allowance for temporary difference adjustment	Other deductions from capital surplus	Total deductions from capital surplus	Net capital surplus
Balance as of September 1, 2024	4,667,444	245,127,776	394,012,959	(26,021,128)	(24,607,962)	(50,629,090)	343,383,868
Distributions of retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments		20,866	-	20,866	(20,866)	-	-
Net income		-	-	_	-	-	-
Purchase of treasury investment units		-	-	-	-	-	-
Cancellation of treasury investment units	(21,080)	-	-	-	(2,999,924)	(2,999,924)	(2,999,924)
Total changes of items during the period	(21,080)	20,866	-	20,866	(3,020,790)	(2,999,924)	(2,999,924)
Balance as of February 28, 2025	4,646,364	245,148,642	394,012,959	(26,000,261)	(27,628,753)	(53,629,015)	340,383,943

Thousands of Yen

	Unitholders' Equity			Total net assets		
_	Sur	plus	Treasury	Total	Total	
	Retained earnings	Total surplus	investment units	unitholders' equity	net assets	
Balance as of September 1, 2024	17,690,705	361,074,573	-	606,202,350	606,202,350	
Distributions of retained earnings	(16,102,681)	(16,102,681)	-	(16,102,681)	(16,102,681)	
Reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	(20,866)	(20,866)	-	-	-	
Net income	15,986,105	15,986,105	-	15,986,105	15,986,105	
Purchase of treasury investment units	-	-	(2,999,924)	(2,999,924)	(2,999,924)	
Cancellation of treasury investment units	-	(2,999,924)	2,999,924	-	-	
Total changes of items during the period	(137,442)	(3,137,366)	-	(3,116,500)	(3,116,500)	
Balance as of February 28, 2025	17,553,263	357,937,207	-	603,085,849	603,085,849	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

						The	ousands of Yen
			J	Jnitholders' Equity	y		
					Surplus		
		_			Capital surplus		
	** *:	Unitholders'		Deducti	ions from capital	surplus	
	Units	its capital	Capital surplus	Allowance for temporary difference adjustment	Other deductions from capital surplus	Total deductions from capital surplus	Net capital surplus
Balance as of March 1, 2025	4,646,364	245,148,642	394,012,959	(26,000,261)	(27,628,753)	(53,629,015)	340,383,943
Distributions of retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	-	23,592	-	23,592	(23,592)	-	-
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total changes of items during the period	-	23,592	-	23,592	(23,592)	-	-
Balance as of August 31, 2025	4,646,364	245,172,235	394,012,959	(25,976,669)	(27,652,345)	(53,629,015)	340,383,943

	Unitholde	rs' Equity	Total net assets		
	Sur	plus	Total	T 4 1	
	Retained earnings	Total surplus	unitholders' equity	Total net assets	
Balance as of March 1, 2025	17,553,263	357,937,207	603,085,849	603,085,849	
Distributions of retained earnings	(16,043,894)	(16,043,894)	(16,043,894)	(16,043,894)	
Reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	(23,592)	(23,592)	-	-	
Net income	16,103,915	16,103,915	16,103,915	16,103,915	
Total changes of items during the period	36,428	36,428	60,020	60,020	
Balance as of August 31, 2025	17,589,691	357,973,635	603,145,870	603,145,870	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

1	Thousands of			
	For the period from	For the period		
	-	from March 1, 2025		
	September 1, 2024	•		
CASH FLOWS	to February 28, 2025	to August 31, 2025		
Cash Flows Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Income before income taxes	15,986,710	16,104,520		
Depreciation	5,734,389	5,855,620		
Amortization of goodwill	2,622,242	2,622,242		
Amortization of goodwin Amortization of investment corporation bonds issuance	2,022,242	2,022,242		
costs	11,601	14,157		
Interest income	(20,911)	(47,508)		
Interest expense	1,921,871	2,076,015		
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	21,752	43,100		
Decrease (Increase) in rental receivables	48,698	(329,515)		
Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expenses	54,049	(77,122)		
Decrease (Increase) in long-term prepaid expenses	157,175	71,277		
Decrease (Increase) in long-term deposits	(4,910)	(6,851)		
Increase (Decrease) in trade accounts payable	(409,840)	458,956		
Increase (Decrease) in other accounts payable	(108,115)	(44,363)		
Increase (Decrease) in accrued consumption taxes	(144,062)	808,409		
Increase (Decrease) in rent received in advance	116,746	17,499		
Decrease in property and equipment due to sales	-	10,703,258		
Decrease in property and equipment in trust due to sales	10,139,307	8,355,382		
Other	(50,414)	278,441		
Subtotal	36,076,290	46,903,522		
Interest received	20,911	47,508		
Interest paid	(1,966,648)	(2,045,005)		
Income taxes paid	(3,147)	(4,666)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	34,127,406	44,901,358		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Payments for purchases of property and equipment	(12,752,730)	(23,003,199)		
Payments for purchases of leasehold rights and intangible assets	(3,117,292)	(5,348)		
Reimbursement of security deposits to tenants	(1,231,221)	(1,177,337)		
Proceeds from security deposits from tenants	865,259	1,203,694		
Payments for security deposits	(43,772)	-,-03,03		
Proceeds from security deposits	16,000	-		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(16,263,757)	(22,982,190)		

	For the period For the perio			
	from	from		
	September 1, 2024	March 1, 2025		
	to February 28, 2025	to August 31, 2025		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Proceeds from short-term debt	22,705,000	-		
Repayment of short-term debt	(17,205,000)	(6,500,000)		
Proceeds from long-term debt	27,510,000	38,280,000		
Repayments of long-term debt	(23,067,800)	(38,294,200)		
Proceeds from issuance of investment corporation bonds	6,500,000	-		
Repayment of investment corporation bonds	(9,000,000)	-		
Payments for investment corporation bond issuance	(43,106)	(3,195)		
Payment for purchase of treasury investment units	(2,999,924)	-		
Distributions to unitholders	(16,100,133)	(16,041,594)		
Distributions in excess of net earnings from allowance for temporary difference adjustments	440	(847)		
Other distributions in excess of net earnings	(710)	(404)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(11,701,234)	(22,560,241)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,162,414	(641,073)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	45,672,669	51,835,083		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	51,835,083	51,194,010		

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION

Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc. ("NMF") is a real estate investment corporation formed to own and invest primarily in office buildings, retail facilities, logistics and residential facilities. NMF is externally managed by a licensed asset management company, Nomura Real Estate Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("NREAM"). NREAM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. NMF was established on October 1, 2015 through the consolidation type merger involving the former Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc. (hereinafter the "former NMF"), Nomura Real Estate Office Fund, Inc. (hereinafter "NOF") and Nomura Real Estate Residential Fund, Inc. (hereinafter "NRF"), and listed its investment securities (TSE code: 3462) on the Real Estate Investment Trust Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange on October 2 of the same year.

NMF adopts the basic policy of investing primarily in real estate and other assets to secure stable income and steady growth of assets under management over the medium to long term. In order to realize this basic policy, NMF adopts an investment strategy that centers on the Greater Tokyo area (Tokyo, Kanagawa, Chiba and Saitama prefectures), which has strong tenant demand, while also considering regional diversification through the three major metropolitan areas and cabinet-order designated cities, etc. By combining the "diversified type strategy" in which investments are made in facilities of a variety of sectors such as office buildings, retail facilities, logistics and residential facilities with the "large-scale REIT strategy," which pursues the effects of diversifying properties and tenants, to make the portfolio more stable as well as with the utilization of the "leasing value chain" with the Nomura Real Estate Group, the sponsor, NMF will aim to increase unitholder value by securing stable income and steady growth of assets under management over the medium to long term.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

NMF maintains its accounting records and prepares its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan ("Japanese GAAP"), including provisions set forth in the Investment Trust Act of Japan, the Companies Act of Japan, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan and related regulations, which are different in certain respects as to the application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards.

The accompanying financial statements are a translation of the audited financial statements of NMF, which were prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP and were presented in NMF's Securities Report filed with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau. In preparing the accompanying financial statements, certain reclassifications and modifications have been made to the financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a format that is more familiar to readers outside Japan. In addition, the notes to financial statements include certain information that might not be required under Japanese GAAP but is presented herein as additional information. Amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand yen in the accompanying financial statements and the notes thereto, whereas amounts were truncated in the Japanese financial statements prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP. NMF's fiscal period is a six-month period which ends at the end of February or August. NMF does not prepare consolidated financial statements because it has no subsidiaries.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, deposits placed with banks and short-term investments that are highly liquid, readily convertible to cash, with an insignificant risk of market value fluctuation, and with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, which includes the purchase price and related costs for acquisition, less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the fixed assets outlined below:

Buildings 4 - 70 years
Structures 3 - 45 years
Machinery and equipment 3 - 17 years
Tools, furniture and fixtures 2 - 20 years

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are amortized by the straight-line method.

Goodwill is amortized using the straight-line method over 20 years.

Fixed-term land leasehold is amortized using the straight-line method over the contractual period.

Long-term prepaid expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses are amortized by the straight-line method.

Deferred investment corporation bond issuance costs

Deferred investment corporation bond issuance costs are amortized by the straight-line method over the respective terms of the bonds.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

For allowance for doubtful accounts against possible losses arising from default on receivables, the uncollectable amount is estimated and recorded by investigating collectability based on historical loan loss ratios for general receivables and on a case-by-case examination for doubtful and other specific receivables.

Accounting treatment of beneficial interests in real estate

All assets and liabilities held in trust, for which the real estate in possession of NMF was entrusted, and all related earnings and expenses incurred are reflected in the accompanying balance sheet and statement of income and retained earnings, respectively.

Property related taxes

Property in Japan is subject to property taxes, urban planning taxes and depreciable property taxes on a calendar year basis. The taxes related to property are generally imposed based on the value of the relevant property and incurred for the fiscal period. The seller of a property is liable for property related taxes for the period from the purchase date through the end of that calendar year because taxes are imposed on the owner registered in the record as of January 1 for the entire year based on the assessment made by the local government. The amount applicable to the buyer of a property is usually settled between each party and capitalized as part of the acquisition cost of the property. The capitalized property related taxes amounted to \mathbb{1}3,340 thousand for the fiscal period ended February 28, 2025, and \mathbb{2}28,402 thousand for the fiscal period ended August 31, 2025.

Revenue recognition

Main performance obligations concerning revenues from contracts with NMF's customers and normal points in time when the obligations are satisfied (normal points in time when revenues are recognized) are as follows:

(1) Disposition of real estate

Gains on sale of real estate are recorded at the points in time when customers or the buyers acquire control over the real estate by NMF satisfying delivery obligations stipulated in the contracts on real estate disposition.

(2) Utility expense revenues

Utility expense revenues are recorded according to the supply of electricity, water, etc. to customers or the tenants based on the lease contracts and attached agreements.

Among utility expense revenues, when NMF is acting as an agent in a transaction, it is NMF's policy to recognize net amounts as revenues after deducting the amounts paid to the suppliers of electricity, gas, etc. from the amounts NMF received as utility charges.

Method of accounting for non-deductible consumption tax, etc.

Non-deductible consumption tax, etc., on such items, as noncurrent assets is included in the acquisition costs of individual items.

Hedge accounting method

(1) Hedge accounting method

Deferral hedge accounting is applied. Special treatment is adopted for interest rate swaps when the requirements for special treatment are fulfilled.

(2) Hedging instruments and hedged items

Hedging instruments: Interest rate swaps

Hedged items: Interest rates on loans

(3) Hedging Policy

The Investment Corporation conducts derivative transactions to hedge risks stipulated in the Investment Corporation's articles of incorporation in accordance with the Investment Corporation's basic risk management policy.

(4) Method of evaluating the effectiveness of hedging

The effectiveness of hedging is evaluated by determining the correlation between the market value fluctuation of the hedging instrument and the hedged item.

UNAPPLIED ACCOUNTING STANDARD, etc.

- "Accounting Standard for Leases" (Corporate Accounting Standards No. 34 issued by Accounting Standards Board of Japan ("ASBJ") on September 13, 2024)
- "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Leases" (Implementation Guidance of Corporate Accounting Standards No.33 issued by ASBJ on September 13, 2024), etc.

(1) Overview

As part of its efforts to ensure consistency between Japanese GAAP and international accounting standards, the ASBJ considered to develop the Accounting Standard for Leases that would recognize assets and liabilities for all leases held by a lessee, taking into account international accounting standards. Accordingly, the ASBJ issued the Accounting Standard for Leases, etc. that adopts only the key provisions of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") 16 rather than adopting all of its provisions although it is based on the single accounting model of IFRS 16. The revision aims to be simple and highly convenient, and to make it unnecessary to revise non-consolidated financial statements that apply IFRS 16 in the Accounting Standard for Leases, etc.

Regarding the method for allocating the lease expenses in the lessee's accounting treatment, using the same approach as IFRS 16, a single accounting model is applied for recording the depreciation associated with the right-of-use assets and the amount equivalent to the interest on the lease liabilities for all leases regardless of whether the lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

(2) Scheduled date of the application

NMF will adopt the accounting standard, etc. from the beginning of the period ending February 28, 2028.

(3) Impact of the application of the respective accounting standard, etc.

NMF is currently evaluating the effect on its financial statements by applying the "Accounting Standard for Leases", etc.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of February 28, 2025 and August 31, 2025 consist of the following:

Thousands of Yen

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
Cash and bank deposits	51,835,083	51,194,010
Cash and cash equivalents	51,835,083	51,194,010

5. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL AND SECURED LIABILITIES

The assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Thousands of Yen

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
Buildings in trust	2,973,323	2,930,627
Structures in trust	4,436	4,315
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	1,097	766
Land in trust	6,096,368	6,096,368
Total	9,075,226	9,032,078

The secured liabilities are as follows:

Thousands of Yen

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	726,648	726,648
Total	726,648	726,648

6. REDUCTION ENTRY OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT ACQUIRED THROUGH STATE SUBSIDY

Reduction entry of property and equipment acquired through state subsidy was as follows:

Thousands of Yen

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
Buildings	3,800	6,800
Structures	6,872	6,872
Total	10,672	13,672

7. STATUS OF CANCELLATION OF TREASURY INVESTMENT UNITS

Status of cancellation of treasury investment units was as follows:

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
Total number of units cancelled (Unit)	68,836	68,836
Total amount cancelled (Thousands of Yen)	9,999,854	9,999,854

Note: There were no treasury investment unit cancelled during the current period.

8. SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment as of February 28, 2025 and August 31, 2025 consist of the following:

	As of February 28, 2025		As of Augu	ıst 31, 2025
	Acquisition costs	Book value	Acquisition costs	Book value
Land	324,588,173	324,588,173	333,609,590	333,609,590
Buildings and structures	171,336,782	122 722 401	170,129,071	121 010 542
Accumulated depreciation	(37,604,290)	133,732,491	(38,218,527)	131,910,543
Machinery and equipment	1,277,803	105 002	1,398,431	620.274
Accumulated depreciation	(791,920)	485,883	(778,156)	620,274
Tools, furniture and fixtures	1,630,291	968,009	1,858,149	1,094,454
Accumulated depreciation	(662,282)	900,009	(763,695)	1,094,434
Land in trust	425,245,624	425,245,624	418,082,560	418,082,560
Buildings and structures in trust	220,376,385	163,734,620	221,086,187	161,879,044
Accumulated depreciation	(56,641,764)	105,754,020	(59,207,143)	101,879,044
Machinery and equipment in trust	1,482,870	815,620	1,541,557	797,724
Accumulated depreciation	(667,249)	813,020	(743,832)	791,724
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	1,471,271	448,567	1,528,964	445,159
Accumulated depreciation	(1,022,703)	440,507	(1,083,805)	443,135
Lease assets in trust	10,869	1,645	12,417	6,322
Accumulated depreciation	(9,224)	1,043	(6,095)	0,322
Construction in progress	1,215,147	1,215,147	280,236	280,236
Total	1,051,235,784	1,051,235,784	1,048,725,911	1,048,725,911

9. DEBT FINANCING

Short-term debts as of February 28, 2025 and August 31, 2025 consist of the following:

	As of February 28, 2025		As of August 31, 2025	
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from banks due on March 4, 2025	3,500,000	0.98818%	-	-
Unsecured loans from banks due on March 4, 2025	3,000,000	1.08818%	-	-
Total	6,500,000	-	-	-

Long-term debts as of February 28, 2025 and August 31, 2025 consist of the following:

	As of Febru	As of February 28, 2025		As of August 31, 2025	
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average	
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	497,100	2.17000%	-		
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	497,100	2.21812%	-		
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	2,000,000	0.60286%	-		
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	2,000,000	0.60286%	1		
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2025	2,800,000	0.60286%	1		
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	1,000,000	0.61434%	1		
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	1,000,000	0.50506%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2025	2,000,000	0.46301%	-		
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	1,000,000	0.19750%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2025	4,000,000	0.76818%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	3,000,000	0.56380%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	4,050,000	0.58727%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	1,850,000	0.67915%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	2,600,000	0.60489%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	3,000,000	0.58380%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	4,000,000	0.76818%	-		
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	3,000,000	0.76818%	-		
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	1,100,000	1.09830%	1,100,000	1.09830%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	1,100,000	1.06250%	1,100,000	1.06250%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	2,000,000	1.03955%	2,000,000	1.03955%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	2,000,000	0.59639%	2,000,000	0.59639%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	2,000,000	0.60448%	2,000,000	0.60448%	
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	4,200,000	0.64616%	4,200,000	0.64616%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	900,000	0.65123%	900,000	0.65123%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	1,300,000	0.64278%	1,300,000	0.64278%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.59499%	1,000,000	0.59499%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025 (Note 2)	500,000	0.56311%	500,000	0.56311%	
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2026 (Note 2)	4,000,000	0.74080%	4,000,000	0.74080%	
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2026 (Note 2)	2,500,000	0.59592%	2,500,000	0.59592%	
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2026 (Note 2)	800,000	0.37630%	800,000	0.37630%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2026 (Note 2)	500,000	0.39196%	500,000	0.39196%	
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,500,000	0.17136%	1,500,000	0.17136%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2026 (Note 2)	500,000	0.21500%	500,000	0.21500%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,800,000	0.76818%	1,800,000	0.76182%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026 (Note 2)	2,500,000	0.63995%	2,500,000	0.63995%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,100,000	0.65267%	1,100,000	0.65267%	
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2026 (Note 2)	3,600,000	0.60880%	3,600,000	0.60880%	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.59614%	1,000,000	0.59614%	

	As of Febru	As of February 28, 2025		st 31, 2025
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,100,000	0.37000%	1,100,000	0.37000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,500,000	0.25873%	1,500,000	0.25873%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	2,700,000	0.67591%	2,700,000	0.67591%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	2,700,000	0.67591%	2,700,000	0.67591%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	3,000,000	0.77669%	3,000,000	0.77669%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.70414%	1,000,000	0.70414%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	3,000,000	0.67483%	3,000,000	0.67483%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.64500%	1,000,000	0.64500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.42118%	1,000,000	0.42118%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	500,000	0.43627%	500,000	0.43627%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,500,000	0.20880%	1,500,000	0.20880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.30116%	1,000,000	0.30116%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	6,700,000	0.76818%	6,700,000	0.76182%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026 (Note 2)	3,000,000	0.76818%	3,000,000	0.76182%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2026	2,000,000	0.76000%	2,000,000	0.76000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2026	2,000,000	0.74229%	2,000,000	0.74229%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	4,165,000	0.73506%	4,165,000	0.73506%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	4,000,000	0.69956%	4,000,000	0.69956%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	1,500,000	0.64999%	1,500,000	0.64999%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	2,000,000		2,000,000	0.60750%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	1,000,000	0.28000%	1,000,000	0.28000%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	1,200,000		1,200,000	0.30000%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	6,950,000		6,950,000	0.76182%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2027	2,320,000	0.71500%	2,320,000	0.71500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2027	1,500,000	0.46630%	1,500,000	0.46630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	500,000	0.44859%	500,000	0.44859%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.48144%	1,000,000	0.48144%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	1,500,000	0.28500%	1,500,000	0.28500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.28500%	1,000,000	0.28500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	300,000		300,000	0.16205%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	500,000	0.10094%	500,000	0.10094%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	500,000	0.35139%	500,000	0.35139%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	500,000	0.24818%	500,000	0.24818%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.29065%	1,000,000	0.29065%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2027	4,670,000	0.96727%	4,670,000	0.94273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on March 26, 2027	1,500,000	0.69068%	1,500,000	0.69068%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2027	3,060,000		3,060,000	0.78177%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2027	2,300,000	0.74736%	2,300,000	0.74736%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2027	1,800,000		1,800,000	0.70250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2027	1,400,000		1,400,000	0.32000%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2027	4,000,000		4,000,000	0.76843%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2027	2,600,000		2,600,000	0.76290%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.74500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.51356%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2027	1,500,000		1,500,000	0.29000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	600,000		600,000	0.32630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027 Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,700,000		1,700,000	0.27130%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027 Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,780,000		1,780,000	0.46190%

	As of Febru	As of February 28, 2025		st 31, 2025
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.70164%	1,000,000	0.70164%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2027	2,000,000	0.89209%	2,000,000	0.89209%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	5,000,000	0.79571%	5,000,000	0.79571%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2027	1,800,000	0.75050%	1,800,000	0.75050%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	1,700,000	0.70750%	1,700,000	0.70750%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	2,500,000	0.52234%	2,500,000	0.52234%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.31630%	1,000,000	0.31630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2027	750,000	0.29630%	750,000	0.29630%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.97227%	1,000,000	0.94773%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.82130%	1,000,000	0.82130%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	2,355,000	0.76241%	2,355,000	0.76241%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2028	1,500,000	0.78296%	1,500,000	0.78296%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,800,000	0.79642%	1,800,000	0.79642%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	2,650,000	0.54205%	2,650,000	0.54205%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2028	1,500,000	0.57365%	1,500,000	0.57365%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.17813%	1,000,000	0.17813%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.41000%	1,000,000	0.41000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.41000%	1,000,000	0.41000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	500,000	0.39000%	500,000	0.39000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	920,000	0.30000%	920,000	0.30000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.47023%	1,000,000	0.47023%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2028	1,960,000	0.96727%	1,960,000	0.94273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2028	5,000,000	0.79880%	5,000,000	0.79880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	2,000,000	0.75922%	2,000,000	0.75922%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	1,550,000	0.55038%	1,550,000	0.55038%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	500,000	0.54010%	500,000	0.54010%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2028	2,000,000	0.54750%	2,000,000	0.54750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	1,400,000	0.40500%	1,400,000	0.40500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2028	-	-	4,000,000	0.94273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	-	-	2,300,000	1.07503%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 28, 2028	3,600,000	0.84750%	3,600,000	0.84750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	500,000	0.61005%	500,000	0.61005%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.62163%	1,000,000	0.62163%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	500,000	0.62025%	500,000	0.62025%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	500,000	0.37500%	500,000	0.37500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.40380%	1,000,000	0.40380%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	1,260,000	0.45375%	1,260,000	0.45375%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 28, 2028	-	-	7,000,000	0.94273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	-	-	1,350,000	1.23128%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2028	2,000,000	0.81130%	2,000,000	0.81130%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2028	3,000,000		3,000,000	0.59375%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 27, 2028	1,800,000	0.50880%	1,800,000	0.50880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 27, 2028	500,000		500,000	0.39380%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 27, 2028	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.40630%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2029	2,500,000		2,500,000	0.65880%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2029	1,400,000		1,400,000	0.67098%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	2,300,000	0.63692%	2,300,000	0.63692%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	500,000		500,000	0.63692%

	As of Febru	uary 28, 2025	As of Augu	ıst 31, 2025
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	3,500,000	0.41815%	3,500,000	0.41815%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	500,000	0.37000%	500,000	0.37000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	500,000	0.49750%	500,000	0.49750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	1,500,000	0.55565%	1,500,000	0.55565%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	1,800,000	0.90134%	1,800,000	0.90134%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	800,000	0.99727%	800,000	0.97273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	1,000,000	0.80315%	1,000,000	0.80315%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2029	3,470,000	0.98727%	3,470,000	0.96273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 28, 2029	5,000,000	0.64000%	5,000,000	0.64000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	800,000	0.55190%	800,000	0.55190%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	500,000	0.26451%	500,000	0.26451%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	1,000,000	0.45875%	1,000,000	0.45875%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	1,000,000	0.44880%	1,000,000	0.44880%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 28, 2029	1,000,000	0.38500%	1,000,000	0.38500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	500,000	0.99727%	500,000	0.97273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 28, 2029	2,500,000	0.98727%	2,500,000	0.96273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	3,900,000	0.46130%	3,900,000	0.46130%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	2,000,000	0.46130%	2,000,000	0.46130%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	2,800,000	0.55845%	2,800,000	0.55845%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	1,600,000	0.48380%	1,600,000	0.48380%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	1,500,000	0.48380%	1,500,000	0.48380%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	500,000	0.46380%	500,000	0.46380%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	1,000,000	0.43880%	1,000,000	0.43880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	1,800,000	0.40500%	1,800,000	0.40500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	1,250,000	0.64565%	1,250,000	0.64565%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	500,000	0.98711%	500,000	0.98711%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	1,000,000	0.86438%	1,000,000	0.86438%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	2,430,000	0.88815%	2,430,000	0.88815%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	2,000,000	1.12506%	2,000,000	1.12506%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	2,000,000	1.12506%	2,000,000	1.12506%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	1,200,000	0.59500%	1,200,000	0.59500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	1,000,000	0.59500%	1,000,000	0.59500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	750,000	0.48000%	750,000	0.48000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	500,000	0.59500%	500,000	0.59500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	2,000,000	0.50630%	2,000,000	0.50630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	750,000	0.47380%	750,000	0.47380%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2029	4,000,000	0.54904%	4,000,000	0.54904%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	1,000,000	1.11690%	1,000,000	1.11690%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2030	4,250,000	0.52000%	4,250,000	0.52000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,500,000	0.48000%	1,500,000	0.48000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	600,000	0.40915%	600,000	0.40915%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	500,000	0.34054%	500,000	0.34054%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2030	1,300,000	0.59482%	1,300,000	0.59482%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,500,000	0.52446%	1,500,000	0.52446%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,400,000	0.58630%	1,400,000	0.58630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.58630%	1,000,000	0.58630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.65249%	1,000,000	0.65249%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,300,000	1.04887%	1,300,000	1.04887%

	As of Febru	uary 28, 2025	As of Augu	st 31, 2025
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.89688%	1,000,000	0.89688%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2030	3,000,000	0.99727%	3,000,000	0.97273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	2,250,000	1.32190%	2,250,000	1.32190%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2030	2,000,000	0.99727%	2,000,000	0.97273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 27, 2030	7,000,000	0.54630%	7,000,000	0.54630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	800,000	0.52630%	800,000	0.52630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.53250%	1,000,000	0.53250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.55988%	1,000,000	0.55988%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	500,000	0.50485%	500,000	0.50485%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	720,000	0.59399%	720,000	0.59399%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,430,000	0.45862%	1,430,000	0.45862%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.52437%	1,000,000	0.52437%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.71487%	1,000,000	0.71487%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.71487%	1,000,000	0.71487%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	550,000	0.83509%	550,000	0.83509%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.81065%	1,000,000	0.81065%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 27, 2030	-	-	3,500,000	0.97273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2030	2,000,000	0.56500%	2,000,000	0.56500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2030	1,100,000	0.54500%	1,100,000	0.54500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2030	300,000	0.54500%	300,000	0.54500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2030	500,000	0.52063%	500,000	0.52063%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.46000%	1,000,000	0.46000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.56068%	1,000,000	0.56068%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2030	2,000,000	0.75160%	2,000,000	0.75160%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2030	2,300,000	1.13867%	2,300,000	1.13867%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on October 28, 2030	1,100,000	1.92250%	1,100,000	1.92250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on October 28, 2030	1,100,000	1.91700%	1,100,000	1.91700%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	350,000	0.42630%	350,000	0.42630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	500,000	0.53630%	500,000	0.53630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	2,000,000	0.59763%	2,000,000	0.59763%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.59819%	1,000,000	0.59819%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2030	2,000,000	0.89535%	2,000,000	0.89535%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	-	-	1,000,000	0.97273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	700,000	0.67750%	700,000	0.67750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	2,000,000	0.67750%	2,000,000	0.67750%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2031	4,000,000	0.67750%	4,000,000	0.67750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	400,000	0.50000%	400,000	0.50000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	420,000	0.65750%	420,000	0.65750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	2,750,000	0.50226%	2,750,000	0.50226%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	1,800,000	0.52198%	1,800,000	0.52198%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	2,500,000	0.78474%	2,500,000	0.78474%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	1,300,000	1.21160%	1,300,000	1.21160%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2031	2,050,000	1.19239%	2,050,000	1.19239%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	1,000,000	1.19239%	1,000,000	1.19239%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2031	6,000,000	0.64130%	6,000,000	0.64130%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2031	3,500,000	0.64242%	3,500,000	0.64242%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2031	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.60556%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2031	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.95338%

	As of Febru	uary 28, 2025	As of Augu	st 31, 2025
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2031	2,250,000	0.93910%	2,250,000	0.93910%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2031	3,000,000	1.22440%	3,000,000	1.22440%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2031	-	-	3,000,000	0.99273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2031	3,500,000	0.78816%	3,500,000	0.78816%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2031	200,000	0.85750%	200,000	0.85750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2031	2,500,000	1.15160%	2,500,000	1.15160%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2031	2,200,000	1.09315%	2,200,000	1.09315%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	3,000,000	0.64630%	3,000,000	0.64630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,900,000	0.47755%	1,900,000	0.47755%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	3,500,000	0.73988%	3,500,000	0.73988%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,500,000	0.88168%	1,500,000	0.88168%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,500,000	1.01250%	1,500,000	1.01250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	500,000	1.01250%	500,000	1.01250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	2,000,000	1.00034%	2,000,000	1.00034%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,000,000	1.00034%	1,000,000	1.00034%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,830,000	1.24910%	1,830,000	1.24910%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2032	6,250,000	0.83563%	6,250,000	0.83563%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2032	2,050,000	1.32480%	2,050,000	1.32480%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2032	2,750,000	1.25160%	2,750,000	1.25160%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2032	4,200,000	1.08727%	4,200,000	1.06273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2032	500,000	1.08727%	500,000	1.06273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	4,000,000	0.93188%	4,000,000	0.93188%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	2,000,000	0.92006%	2,000,000	0.92006%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2032	500,000	0.92006%	500,000	0.92006%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	1,500,000	1.07101%	1,500,000	1.07101%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	2,250,000	1.06125%	2,250,000	1.06125%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	2,300,000	1.14727%	2,300,000	1.12273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	2,800,000	1.32707%	2,800,000	1.32707%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	2,600,000	1.14727%	2,600,000	1.12273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2032	-	-	1,000,000	1.46690%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2032	-	-	1,000,000	1.06273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2032	1,000,000	0.91688%	1,000,000	0.91688%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2032	5,000,000	1.28875%	5,000,000	1.28875%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2032	1,000,000	1.28875%	1,000,000	1.28875%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2032	5,400,000	1.13063%	5,400,000	1.13063%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2032	1,500,000	1.23446%	1,500,000	1.23446%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2032	1,500,000	1.14727%	1,500,000	1.12273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2033	2,800,000	1.35532%	2,800,000	1.35532%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2033	2,600,000	1.14727%	2,600,000	1.12273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2033	1,000,000	1.14727%	1,000,000	1.12273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2033	_	_	3,350,000	1.67428%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2033	_	_	2,700,000	1.09273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2033	-	_	1,600,000	1.09273%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2033	_	_	2,500,000	1.67428%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2033	4,500,000	1.17727%	4,500,000	1.15273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2033	2,000,000		2,000,000	1.15273%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2033	2,000,000	-	1,000,000	1.60035%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2033	2,800,000	1.42188%	2,800,000	1.42188%

	As of Febru	iary 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025		
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average	
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2033	500,000	1.42188%	500,000	1.42188%	
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 28, 2033	2,550,000	1.51563%	2,550,000	1.51563%	
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 28, 2033	-	-	2,980,000	1.15273%	
Total	486,334,200		486,320,000		

Note 1: The weighted-average interest rate is weighted by the balance of each borrowing at the end of the period and rounded to the nearest fifth decimal place.

As for the borrowings, hedged by interest-rate swaps for the purpose of avoiding interest rate fluctuation risk, the swapped interest rates are used to calculate the weighted-average interest rate.

Note 2: At the end of the period, these loans are accounted for under current liabilities on the balance sheets as the current portion of long-term borrowings.

The scheduled repayment amounts of long-term debt for each of the five years after the balance sheet date are as follows.

	Within a year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years
As of February 28, 2025	65,994,200	78,005,000	59,175,000	48,880,000	70,380,000
As of August 31, 2025	65,600,000	65,345,000	69,395,000	60,650,000	68,500,000

- (1) The Company entered into \(\frac{\pmathbb{4}}{4}0,000\) million of credit facilities in the form of commitment lines with four financial institutions for the fiscal period ended February 28, 2025. The total unused amount of such credit facilities was \(\frac{\pmathbb{3}}{3}3,500\) million as of February 28, 2025.
- (2) The Company entered into \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4}0,000\) million of credit facilities in the form of commitment lines with four financial institutions for the fiscal period ended August 31, 2025. The total unused amount of such credit facilities was \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4}0,000\) million as of August 31, 2025.

10. INVESTMENT CORPORATION BONDS

Details of investment corporation bonds outstanding are summarized as follows.

	As of Februa	As of February 28, 2025		As of August 31, 2025	
	Amount	Interest rate	Amount	Interest rate	
	(Thousands of Yen)	(Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	(Note 1)	
NMF's 2nd series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on November 16, 2027	2,000,000	0.590%	2,000,000	0.590%	
NOF's 7th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on March 17, 2028	4,500,000	2.900%	4,500,000	2.900%	
NMF's 8th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on July 19, 2029	4,400,000	0.988%	4,400,000	0.988%	
NMF's 4th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on September 20, 2029 (green bonds)	3,000,000	0.530%	3,000,000	0.530%	
NMF's 9th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on February 20, 2030 (green bonds)	3,000,000	1.345%	3,000,000	1.345%	
NMF's 6th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on August 14, 2030 (green bonds)	7,000,000	0.540%	7,000,000	0.540%	
NMF's 10th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on February 20, 2032	3,500,000	1.551%	3,500,000	1.551%	
NMF's 7th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on July 8, 2033	2,000,000	0.950%	2,000,000	0.950%	
NMF's 3rd series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on May 21, 2038	1,500,000	1.030%	1,500,000	1.030%	
NMF's 5th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on September 20, 2039	5,000,000	0.900%	5,000,000	0.900%	
Total	35,900,000		35,900,000		

Note 1: The interest rate is rounded to the nearest second decimal place.

The scheduled redemption amounts of investment corporation bonds for each of the five years after the balance sheet date are as follows.

Thousands of Yen

	Within a year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years
As of February 28, 2025	_	_	2,000,000	4,500,000	10,400,000
As of August 31, 2025	_		6,500,000	4,400,000	13,000,000

11. UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

NMF issues only non-par value investment units in accordance with the Investment Trust Act. The entire amount of the issue price of new units is designated as stated capital. NMF is required to maintain net assets of at least \(\xi\)50,000 thousand as set forth in the Investment Trust Act.

12. ALLOWANCE FOR TEMPORARY DIFFERENCE ADJUSTMENTS

The movement in the allowance for temporary difference adjustments on the Balance Sheet was as follows:

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025

1. Reason, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason	Initial amount	Balance at the end of previous period	Allowance set aside during period	Reversal during period	Balance at the end of current period	Reason for reversal
Goodwill	Amortization of goodwill	35,711,554	24,795,907	-	-	24,795,907	-
Land, buildings, etc.	Merger expenses	4,029,135	1,225,220		(20,866)	1,204,353	Sales and depreciation of properties for which merger expenses were recorded
Increase - subtotal		-	26,021,128	-	(20,866)	26,000,261	-
Total		-	26,021,128	-	(20,866)	26,000,261	-

2. Method of reversal

(1) Amortization of goodwill

In principle, amortization of goodwill is not reversed.

(2) Merger expenses

Item	Method of reversal
Buildings, etc.	Upon depreciation and sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Land	Upon sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Buildings in trust, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Land in trust	Upon sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Leasehold rights	
Leasehold rights in trust	

For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025

1. Reason, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason	Initial amount	Balance at the end of previous period	Allowance set aside during period	Reversal during period	Balance at the end of current period	Reason for reversal
Goodwill	Amortization of goodwill	35,711,554	24,795,907	1	1	24,795,907	-
Land, buildings, etc.	Merger expenses	4,029,135	1,204,353	-	(23,592)	1,180,761	Sales and depreciation of properties for which merger expenses were recorded
Increase - subtotal		1	26,000,261	1	(23,592)	25,976,669	-
Total		-	26,000,261	-	(23,592)	25,976,669	-

2. Method of reversal

(1) Amortization of goodwill

In principle, amortization of goodwill is not reversed.

(2) Merger expenses

Item	Method of reversal
Buildings, etc.	Upon depreciation and sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Land	Upon sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Buildings in trust, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Land in trust	Upon sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Leasehold rights	
Leasehold rights in trust	

13. PER UNIT INFORMATION

The net asset values per unit and the net income per unit as of and for the periods ended February 28, 2025 and August 31, 2025 were as follows:

	As of / For the period	As of / For the period	
	from September 1, 2024	from March 1, 2025	
	to February 28, 2025	to August 31, 2025	
Net assets per unit	¥129,797	¥129,810	
Net income per unit	¥3,434	¥3,465	

Note 1: The net income per unit is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of units outstanding.

Note 2: The basis for calculating net income per unit is as follows.

	For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025	For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025
Net income (Thousands of Yen)	15,986,105	16,103,915
Amount not available to ordinary unitholders (Thousands of Yen)	-	-
Net income available to ordinary unitholders (Thousands of Yen)	15,986,105	16,103,915
Average number of units during the period (Units)	4,654,763	4,646,364

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

 $For the periods from \ September\ 1,2024\ to\ February\ 28,2025\ and\ from\ March\ 1,2025\ to\ August\ 31,2025$

Parent Company and major corporate unitholders

Not applicable.

Subsidiaries and affiliates

Not applicable.

Fellow subsidiary companies

Not applicable.

Directors and major individual unitholders

Not applicable.

15. INCOME TAXES

The Company, as an investment corporation, is subject to corporate income taxes at a statutory tax rate of approximately 31.46% for the fiscal period ended August 31, 2025. However, the Company may deduct dividend distributions paid to its unitholders from its taxable income amounts, provided such distributions meet the requirements under the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation of Japan. Under this act, an investment corporation must meet a number of tax requirements, including a requirement to distribute in excess of 90% of its distributable income for the fiscal period, in order to deduct such amounts. If the investment corporation does not satisfy all of the requirements, the entire taxable income of the investment corporation will be subject to regular corporate income taxes.

Since the Company distributed in excess of 90% of its distributable income in the form of cash distributions totaling \(\xi\)16,457,421 thousand for the fiscal period ended August 31, 2025, such distributions were treated as deductible distributions for purposes of corporate income taxes.

The following summarizes breakdown of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

Thousands of Yen

	For the period from September 1, 2024	For the period from March 1, 2025
	to February 28, 2025	to August 31, 2025
Deferred tax asset:		
Valuation difference on other assets acquired by merger	13,021,015	11,733,882
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	-	_
Unearned revenue	-	_
Write-offs for long-term prepaid expenses	158	149
Depreciation costs of trust leasehold rights	2,880	3,105
Asset retirement obligations	72,792	105,180
Non-deductible accrued enterprise tax	-	_
Provision for loss on disaster	-	-
Other	14,786	14,786
Subtotal	13,111,632	11,857,104
Valuation allowance	(13,111,632)	(11,857,104)
Total non-current deferred tax assets	-	_
Total deferred tax assets	-	_
Net deferred tax assets	_	

The following summarizes the significant differences between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate.

	For the period	For the period
	from September 1, 2024	from March 1, 2025
	to February 28, 2025	to August 31, 2025
Statutory tax rate	31.46%	31.46%
Deductible cash distributions	(31.43%)	(28.79%)
Valuation of allowance	(5.19%)	(7.79%)
Amortization of goodwill	5.16%	5.12%
Other	0.00%	0.00%
Effective tax rate	0.00%	0.00%

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Overview

(1) Policy for Financial Instruments

Upon acquisition of property-related assets, the Company may raise funds through certain financing methods including borrowings, issuance of investment corporation bonds and issuance of investment units. In financing through interest-bearing debt, to secure stable financing capability and reduce future risks of rising interest rates, the Company's investment policy is to secure longer-term, fixed-rate borrowings with well-diversified maturities.

The Company enters into derivative transactions only for the purpose of reducing risk of future interest rate fluctuations and does not engage in speculative transactions.

(2) Type and Risk of Financial Instruments and Related Risk Management

Borrowings and investment corporation bonds are primarily used to fund the acquisition of property-related assets as well as the repayment of debts and redemption of investment corporation bonds. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk of being unable to meet its obligations on scheduled due dates. The Company controls and limits such risk by diversifying not only the financial institutions, but also the type of financing to include the effective use of surplus funds and direct financing from the capital markets such as issuance of investment units. In addition, the Company is exposed to the market risk arising from fluctuations in interest rates on its floating-rate debt. However, the effect of such risk on the operation of the Company is limited by maintaining the LTV ratio at low levels and the ratio of long-term fixed-rate debt to total debt at high levels. Furthermore, the Company may utilize derivative transactions (interest-rate swap transactions) as a hedging instrument to reduce the market risk under floating-rate debt by swapping such floating-rate interest payments for fixed-rate interest payments.

Bank deposits are held as a means of investing surplus funds, and the Company is exposed to the credit risk that financial institutions may default. However, the effect of such risk is limited by diversifying the financial institutions with which surplus funds are deposited.

(3) Supplementary Explanation on Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is based on the quoted market price, if applicable. When there is no quoted market price available, fair value is reasonably estimated. Certain assumptions are used for the estimation of fair value. Accordingly, the result of such estimation may change if different assumptions are used. Furthermore, the contractual amounts of derivative transactions stated in "26. Derivatives and Hedge Accounting" below do not represent the market risk involved in these derivative transactions.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025

Carrying amount, fair value and the difference between the two as of February 28, 2025 are as follows.

"Cash and bank deposits," "Cash and bank deposits in trust," and "Short-term debt" approximate their carrying amounts due to cash and short-term settlements, therefore, notes are omitted.

	Carrying value (Note 1)	Fair value (Note 1)	Difference
(i) Current portion of Investment	_	_	
corporation bonds			
(ii) Current portion of long-term debt	(65,994,200)	(66,183,452)	189,252
(iii) Investment corporation bonds	(35,900,000)	(33,990,312)	(1,909,687)
(iv) Long-term debt	(420,340,000)	(413,834,956)	(6,505,043)
(v) Derivative transactions	_	-	_

For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025

Carrying amount, fair value and the difference between the two as of August 31, 2025 are as follows.

"Cash and bank deposits," "Cash and bank deposits in trust," and "Short-term debt" approximate their carrying amounts due to cash and short-term settlements, therefore, notes are omitted.

Thousands of Yen

	Carrying value (Note 1)	Fair value (Note 1)	Difference
(i) Current portion of Investment corporation bonds		_	_
(ii) Current portion of long-term debt	(65,600,000)	(65,581,972)	(18,027)
(iii) Investment corporation bonds	(35,900,000)	(33,638,911)	(2,261,088)
(iv) Long-term debt	(420,720,000)	(412,837,945)	(7,882,054)
(v) Derivative transactions	-	-	-

Note 1: The numbers in parenthesis indicate liabilities.

- Note 2: Method for determining the fair value of financial instruments and derivative transactions.
 - (i) Current portion of Investment corporation bonds and (iii) Investment corporation bonds

 The fair value of investment corporation bonds issued by the Company is determined based on their market prices.
 - (ii) Current portion of long-term debt and (iv)Long-term debt

For floating-rate long-term debt, the carrying value is reported as it is considered to be approximately equal to the fair value because such debt reflects the market interest rates within a short-term period. (However, the fair value of certain floating-rate long-term debt that qualifies for the special treatment of interest-rate swaps (see "26. Derivatives and Hedge Accounting") is determined by discounting the sum of its principal and interest payments net of any cash flows from the interest-rate swap at a rate reasonably estimated to be applicable to similar fixed-rate debt.) The fair value of fixed-rate long-term debt is determined by discounting the sum of its principal and interest payments at a rate reasonably estimated to be applicable to similar fixed-rate debt.

(v) Derivative transactions

See "26. Derivatives and Hedge Accounting."

Note 3: Redemption schedule for debt as of February 28, 2025

Thousands of Yen

	Due within	After one year,	After two years,	After three years,	After four years,	After five years
	one year	within two years	within three years	within four years	within five years	After five years
Investment corporation bonds	_	_	2,000,000	4,500,000	10,400,000	19,000,000
Long-term debt	65,994,200	78,005,000	59,175,000	48,880,000	70,380,000	163,900,000
Total	65,994,200	78,005,000	61,175,000	53,380,000	80,780,000	182,900,000

Redemption schedule for debt as of August 31, 2025

	Due within one year	After one year, within two years	After two years, within three years	After three years, within four years	After four years, within five years	After five years
Investment corporation bonds	_	_	6,500,000	4,400,000	13,000,000	12,000,000
Long-term debt	65,600,000	65,345,000	69,395,000	60,650,000	68,500,000	156,830,000
Total	65,600,000	65,345,000	75,895,000	65,050,000	81,500,000	168,830,000

17. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

Asset retirement obligations that are reported on the balance sheet.

1. Overview of the asset retirement obligations

The asset retirement obligations represent restoration obligations under fixed-term land leases.

2. Calculation method of the asset retirement obligations

Asset retirement obligations are calculated using the expected period of use, which is the fixed-term land lease term (41 to 46 years), and a discount rate of 1.4 - 2.3%.

3. Changes in total asset retirement obligations

Thousands of Yen Previous period Current period from September 1, 2024 from March 1, 2025 to February 28, 2025 to August 31, 2025 Balance at beginning of period 485,153 769,113 Increase due to purchase of property, 277,255 plant and equipment Adjustments for passage of time 6,704 6,966 Balance at end of period 769,113 776,080

18. INVESTMENT AND RENTAL PROPERTIES

The Company owns leasable office, leasable retail facilities, leasable logistics facilities, leasable residential (including land) in Greater Tokyo area and other areas for the purpose of earning revenue from leasing. The following table summarizes the carrying value and the estimated fair value of these properties.

Thousands of Yen

	For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025	For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025
Carrying value		
Balance at beginning of the period	1,071,869,585	1,072,237,757
Amount of increase (decrease) during the period	368,171	(2,597,450)
Balance at end of the period	1,072,237,757	1,069,640,307
Fair value at end of the period	1,347,188,490	1,353,321,000

Note 1: The carrying value represents the acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation.

- Note 2: Of the change in investment and rental properties, the increase during the previous period is mainly attributable to the acquisition of La'gent Stay Hakodate Ekimae/HAKOViVA (¥6,450,618 thousand), hotel androoms Shin-Osaka (¥4,412,584 thousand). The decrease during the previous period is mainly attributable to the sale of NMF Shinjuku Minamiguchi Building (¥10,139,307 thousand), as well as depreciation (¥5,720,074 thousand). The increase during the current period is mainly attributable to the acquisition of PROUD FLAT Asakusa Tresage (¥3,037,942 thousand), PROUD FLAT Nippori (¥2,008,486 thousand), H1O Nihonbashi Kobunacho (¥4,059,453 thousand), &HOTEL HAKATA (¥3,856,035 thousand), H1O Aoyama (¥4,757,477 thousand). The decrease during the current period is mainly attributable to the sale of PRIME URBAN Yaotome Chuo (¥362,834 thousand), PRIME URBAN Senzoku (¥438,454 thousand), PRIME URBAN Gyotoku I (¥583,875 thousand), PRIME URBAN Gyotoku II (¥679,220 thousand), PRIME URBAN Gyotoku Ekimae II (¥435,819 thousand), PRIME URBAN Gyotoku III (¥694,973 thousand), PRIME URBAN Meguro Mita (¥1,097,090 thousand), PRIME URBAN Nagamachi Icchome (¥941,374 thousand), PRIME URBAN Izumi (¥3,131,253 thousand), PRIME URBAN Gakugei Daigaku (¥712,322 thousand), PRIME URBAN Yukigaya (¥927,896 thousand), PRIME URBAN Nishi Ogikubo (¥385,585 thousand), PRIME URBAN Kashii (¥312,558 thousand), NMF Takebashi Building (¥8,355,382 thousand), as well as depreciation (¥5,841,772 thousand).
- Note 3: Fair value at the end of the period is the appraisal value or investigation value determined by investigation, found by an outside real estate appraiser.

 However, in the previous period, transfer price is used as the fair value for PRIME URBAN Yaotome Chuo, PRIME URBAN Senzoku, PRIME URBAN Gyotoku I, PRIME URBAN Gyotoku II, PRIME URBAN Gyotoku III, PRIME URBAN Meguro Mita, PRIME URBAN Nagamachi Icchome, PRIME URBAN Izumi.

The income (loss) in the previous period (from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025) and current period (from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025) for investment and rental properties is as presented in "Notes to Statement of Income and Retained Earnings" earlier in this report.

19. REVENUE RECOGNITION

1. Information on disaggregation of revenues from contracts with customers

Previous period (from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025)

Thousands of Yen

	Revenues from contracts with customers (Note 1)	Sales to external customers
Proceeds from sales of real estate	13,500,000	(Note 2) 3,274,704
Utility expense revenues	1,566,329	1,566,329
Other	-	38,276,229
Total	15,066,329	43,117,263

Note 1: Leasing business revenues, which are subject to ASBJ Statement No. 13, "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions," and real estate transfers, which are subject to the "Practical Guidelines on the Accounting by Transferors for the Securitization of Real Estate Using Special-Purpose Companies" of the ASBJ Transferred Guidance No. 10, are not subject to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, and are thus not included in the above amount. Note that the main revenues from contracts with customers are gains on sale of real estate and utilities expense revenues.

Note 2: Gains on sale of real estate are recorded as profits/losses on sale of real estate (the amount after deducting real estate disposition costs and other disposition costs from gains on sale of real estate) in the statement of income and retained earnings. Since NMF records gains on sale of real estate as operating revenues and losses on sale of real estate as operating expenses, only the amounts of gains on sale of real estate are described in the above table.

Current period (from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025)

Thousands of Yen

	Revenues from contracts with customers (Note 1)	Sales to external customers
Proceeds from sales of real estate	22,941,490	(Note 2) 3,324,150
Utility expense revenues	1,650,620	1,650,620
Other	-	38,735,778
Total	24,592,110	43,710,549

Note 1: Leasing business revenues, which are subject to ASBJ Statement No. 13, "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions," and real estate transfers, which are subject to the "Practical Guidelines on the Accounting by Transferors for the Securitization of Real Estate Using Special-Purpose Companies" of the ASBJ Transferred Guidance No. 10, are not subject to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, and are thus not included in the above amount. Note that the main revenues from contracts with customers are gains on sale of real estate and utilities expense revenues.

Note 2: Gains on sale of real estate are recorded as profits/losses on sale of real estate (the amount after deducting real estate disposition costs and other disposition costs from gains on sale of real estate) in the statement of income and retained earnings. Since NMF records gains on sale of real estate as operating revenues and losses on sale of real estate as operating expenses, only the amounts of gains on sale of real estate are described in the above table.

2. Basic information for understanding revenues from contracts with customers

Previous period (from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025)

Refer to the description in the notes concerning matters pertaining to significant accounting policies.

Current period (from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025)

Refer to the description in the notes concerning matters pertaining to significant accounting policies.

3. Information on the satisfaction of performance obligations based on contracts with customers, relationships with cash flows arising from the contracts, and the amounts of revenues which arise from outstanding contracts with customers as of the end of the accounting period under review and will be recognized in the next accounting period onwards, as well as the timing to recognize the revenues.

(1) Balances of contract assets and liabilities

Thousands of Yen

	Previous period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025	Current period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025
Receivables from contracts with customers (Balance as of the beginning of the fiscal period)	511,755	418,740
Receivables from contracts with customers (Balance as of the end of the fiscal period)	418,740	559,523
Contract assets (Balance as of the beginning of the fiscal period)	-	-
Contract assets (Balance as of the end of the fiscal period)	-	-
Contract liabilities (Balance as of the beginning of the fiscal period)	1	-
Contract liabilities (Balance as of the end of the fiscal period)		

(2) Transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations

Previous period (from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025)

Not applicable.

Concerning utility expense revenues, NMF recognizes them with the amounts for which it has the right to claim according to item 19 of the Implementation Guidance on the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition. This is because NMF has the right to receive the amounts of consideration, which directly correspond to the value for customers or tenants, from customers for the portions where the obligations are satisfied before the end of a fiscal period. Accordingly, adopting the stipulation of item 80-22 (2) of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, utility expense revenues are not included in the note on transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations.

Current period (from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025)

Not applicable.

Concerning utility expense revenues, NMF recognizes them with the amounts for which it has the right to claim according to item 19 of the Implementation Guidance on the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition. This is because NMF has the right to receive the amounts of consideration, which directly correspond to the value for customers or tenants, from customers for the portions where the obligations are satisfied before the end of a fiscal period. Accordingly, adopting the stipulation of item 80-22 (2) of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, utility expense revenues are not included in the note on transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations.

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For the periods from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025 and from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025 Segment Information

Since the Company has been engaged in the real estate leasing business as a single segment, segment information has been omitted.

Related Information

1. Information about products and services

Since revenues from external customers for products and services within a single segment are more than 90 percent of total operating revenues, information about products and services has been omitted.

- 2. Information about geographical areas
 - (1) Revenues

Since more than 90 percent of the total operating revenues were generated from external customers in Japan, a geographical breakdown of revenues has been omitted.

(2) Property and equipment

Since more than 90 percent of the total property and equipment on the balance sheet are located in Japan, a geographical breakdown of property and equipment has been omitted.

3. Information about major clients

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025

	Customer name	Revenues (Thousands of Yen)	Related segment name
	Nomura Real Estate Partners Co., Ltd.	5,624,729	Rental real estate business
For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025			
	Customer name	Revenues (Thousands of Yen)	Related segment name
	Nomura Real Estate Partners Co., Ltd.	5,687,517	Rental real estate business

21. BREAKDOWN OF REAL ESTATE RENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Real estate rental revenues and expenses for the fiscal periods ended February 28, 2025 and August 31, 2025 consist of the following:

	Thousands of Ten
For the period	For the period
from September 1, 2024	from March 1, 2025
to February 28, 2025	to August 31, 2025
39,842,558	40,386,398
36,632,469	36,987,856
34,652,313	35,072,249
1,980,156	1,915,606
3,210,088	3,398,542
659,988	666,337
2,384,349	2,582,587
165,751	149,618
17,781,259	18,107,204
1,912,172	1,946,180
999,696	1,081,852
3,465,801	3,604,262
1,975,090	2,047,218
77,084	78,414
1,915,814	1,803,260
319,579	321,947
5,733,335	5,854,566
1,382,684	1,369,499
22,061,299	22,279,194
	from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025 39,842,558 36,632,469 34,652,313 1,980,156 3,210,088 659,988 2,384,349 165,751 17,781,259 1,912,172 999,696 3,465,801 1,975,090 77,084 1,915,814 319,579 5,733,335 1,382,684

22. BREAKDOWN OF GAIN AND LOSS ON SALES OF REAL ESTATE

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025

		Thousands of Yen
NMF Shinjuku Minamiguchi Building		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	13,500,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	10,139,307	
Other related sales expenses	85,987	
Gain on sales of real estate		3,274,704
For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025		
PRIME LIRRAN Vactome Chica		Thousands of Yen
PRIME URBAN Yaotome Chuo	511 400	Thousands of Yen
PRIME URBAN Yaotome Chuo Proceeds from sales of real estate	511,490	Thousands of Yen
	511,490 362,834	Thousands of Yen
Proceeds from sales of real estate	<i>'</i>	Thousands of Yen

Thousands of Yen

PRIME URBAN Senzoku, PRIME URBAN Gyotoku II, PRIME URBAN Gyotoku II, PRIME URBAN Gyotoku III, PRIME URBAN Gyotoku III, PRIME URBAN Meguro Mita, PRIME URBAN Nagamachi Icchome, PRIME URBAN Izumi
Proceeds from sales of real estate 10,800,000

Cost of sales of real estate 8,002,060

Other related sales expenses 438,430

Gain on sales of real estate 2,359,508

Although the transfer is based on a single sales contract to the same transferee, the sales prices are undisclosed as consent has not been obtained from the transferee to disclose the sale price of each property.

	Thousands of Yen
BAN Nishi Ogikubo,	
ashii	
2,700,000	
2,338,363	
45,478	
	316,158
	2,700,000 2,338,363

Although the transfer is based on a single sales contract to the same transferee, the sales prices are undisclosed as consent has not been obtained from the transferee to disclose the sale price of each property.

	I hou	isands of Yen
NMF Takebashi Building		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	8,930,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	8,355,382	
Other related sales expenses	52,974	
Gain on sales of real estate		521,643

23. BREAKDOWN OF EXTRAORDINARY GAIN

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025

Not applicable.

For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025

A profit of ¥4,994 thousand has been recorded as gain on donation of non-current assets following the receipt from tenants of payments in an amount equivalent to construction costs for facilities attached to trust buildings belonging to NMF.

24. BREAKDOWN OF EXTRAORDINARY LOSS

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025

Not applicable.

For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025

Not applicable.

25. LEASES

(As lessee)

The future minimum rental payments to owners under non-cancelable operating leases of properties as of February 28, 2025 and August 31, 2025 are summarized as follows:

Thousands of Yen

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
Due within one year	147,024	147,060
Due after one year	4,956,200	4,894,412
Total	5,103,224	5,041,472

(As lessor)

The future minimum rental revenues from tenants under non-cancelable operating leases of properties as of February 28, 2025 and August 31, 2025 are summarized as follows:

	As of February 28, 2025	As of August 31, 2025
Due within one year	44,464,614	41,359,859
Due after one year	85,761,641	77,497,135
Total	130,226,256	118,856,994

26. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGE ACCOUNTING

Derivative transactions as of February 28, 2025

- (1) There were no derivative financial instruments not subject to hedge accounting.
- (2) Derivative financial instruments subject to hedge accounting were as follows:

Thousands of Yen

Hedge accounting	Type of derivative	Main hedged item	Notional	amount	Fair value (Note 2)
method	instruments		(No	te 1)	
				Due after	
				one year	
Special treatment of	Interest-rate swaps:	Long-term debt	9,797,100	2,200,000	74,121 ^(Note 3)
interest-rate swaps	Received/floating and				
	paid/fixed				

Note 1: Contract amount is based on notional amount.

Derivative transactions as of August 31, 2025

- (1) There were no derivative financial instruments not subject to hedge accounting.
- (2) Derivative financial instruments subject to hedge accounting were as follows:

Hedge accounting	Type of derivative	Main hedged item	Notiona	l amount	Fair value (Note 2)
method	instruments		(No	te 1)	
				Due after	
				one year	
Special treatment of	Interest-rate swaps:	Long-term debt	9,300,000	2,200,000	67,376 (Note 3)
interest-rate swaps	Received/floating and				
	paid/fixed				

Note 1: Contract amount is based on notional amount.

Note 2: Fair value is measured by swap counterparty, based on the actual market interest rate, etc.

Note 3: Out of the fair value, ¥74,121 thousand is not marked to market on the Balance Sheet, since adopting special treatment for interest-rate swaps.

Note 2: Fair value is measured by swap counterparty, based on the actual market interest rate, etc.

Note 3: Out of the fair value, \(\frac{4}{67,376}\) thousand is not marked to market on the Balance Sheet, since adopting special treatment for interest-rate swaps.

27. CASH DISTRIBUTIONS

Yen

	For the period from September 1, 2024	For the period from March 1, 2025
	to February 28, 2025	to August 31, 2025
1. Retained earnings at end of period	17,553,263,081	17,589,691,146
2. Incorporation into unitholders' capital	23,592,180	24,021,294
Of which, reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	23,592,180	24,021,294
3. Distributions	16,043,894,892	16,457,421,288
[Distributions (per unit)]	(3,453)	(3,542)
Of which, distributions of earnings	16,043,894,892	16,457,421,288
[Of which, distributions of earnings (per unit)]	(3,453)	(3,542)
4. Retained earnings carried forward	1,485,776,009	1,108,248,564

Calculation method of distribution amount

NMF calculates distributions in accordance with the cash distribution policies as specified in Article 36, paragraphs 1 and 2 of NMF's Articles of Incorporation. For the fiscal period under review, NMF decided to distribute \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{2}\)6,457,421,288 (\(\frac{\pmathbf{3}}{3}\)542 per investment unit), which is the amount obtained by adding amortization of goodwill, amortization of fixed-term land leasehold, and amortization associated with recognition of asset retirement obligations, as well as the portion of the gain on sales of real estate deducted in prior fiscal periods to net income and deducting a portion of the gain on sale of real estate for the fiscal period under review.

The entire amount of ¥16,457,421,288, the amount of distributions calculated as described above, will be paid out as distributions of earnings, as said amount does not exceed net income as defined in Article 136, Paragraph 1 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations (Act No. 198 of 1951, hereinafter the Investment Trust Act).

28. INFORMATION ON ALLOWANCE FOR TEMPORARY DIFFERENCE ADJUSTMENTS

For the period from September 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025

1. Reason for reversal, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason for reversal	Provision of allowance
		for temporary difference adjustments
Land, Buildings, etc.	Sale and depreciation of properties for	(23,592)
	which merger expenses were recorded	
Total		(23,592)

2. Method of reversal

(1) Amortization of goodwill

In principle, amortization of goodwill is not reversed.

(2) Merger expenses

Item	Method of reversal	
Buildings, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.	
Land	Upon sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.	
Buildings in trust, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.	
Land in trust, etc.		
Leasehold	Upon sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed	
Leasehold in trust		

(3) Long-term deposits

In principle, long-term deposits are not reserved.

For the period from March 1, 2025 to August 31, 2025

1. Reason for reversal, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason for reversal	Provision of allowance
		for temporary difference adjustments
Land, Buildings, etc.	Sale and depreciation of properties for	(24,021)
	which merger expenses were recorded	
Total		(24,021)

2. Method of reversal

(1) Amortization of goodwill

In principle, amortization of goodwill is not reversed.

(2) Merger expenses

Item	Method of reversal	
Buildings, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.	
Land	Upon sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.	
Buildings in trust, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.	
Land in trust, etc.		
Leasehold	Upon sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed	
Leasehold in trust		

(3) Long-term deposits

In principle, long-term deposits are not reserved.

29. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Not applicable.